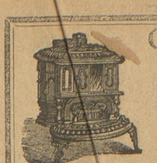
The Standard



N°. 6915. BUENOS AIRES—SUNDAY, JULY 19, 1885. XXV. YEAR.

PARRY & CO

HAVE

REMOVED

TO

Calle BALCARCE

Nos. 131-141

Familia que no consuma
HESPERIDINA
debe consultar con aquella
que siempre tiene á mano
UNA BOTELLA
de este sano tónico-laxativo, y
se convencerá de que es una
NECESIDAD CASERA
24 años de éxito la prueba.
M. S. BAGLEY y Cia.

WINTER GOODS
Fenders.
Brass
Steel
Bronzed
Nursery
ASH PANS
COAL VASES
FIRE GUARDS
Fire Irons and Brasses
Above in great variety and of newest styles.
BAZAR INGLES
189—Florida—189.
Between Cuyo and Corrientes.

The Standard

Nil falsi audeam nil veri non audeam dicere.
CICERO.

SUNDAY, JULY 19, 1885.

Special Telegram

M. G. Mulhall
to
STANDARD.

[Received at 10.30 a.m.]

London, July 18,
10 a.m.

Advance of Russian army.
Alarmist reports continue.
Sir E. Thornten is appointed to Turkey.

ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS

HAVAS AGENCY

Paris, 17th.

Budget for 1885-86 voted.

Lisbon, 17th.

The ex-King, Don Fernando, father of the reigning monarch, is much better and out of danger.

Berlin, 17th.

The Emperor of China has named a new Ambassador to France. The Ambassador and his retinue have left, and will shortly arrive in Paris.

Rome, 18th.

Telegrams from Tripoli announce that the Turks have commenced great fortifications on all that part of the African seaboard.

(PRIVATE MESSAGE)

Liverpool, 17th.

Rumoured advance of Russians discredited.

London, 18th

Politics quiet. £550,000 stg. in coin or bar gold offered to Argentine Government.

PRESS TELEGRAMS.

London 14th—The *Pall Mall Gazette* declares in an editorial article that its disclosures of the secret vices of London High-life have given rise to no complaints from the aristocracy.

The Prince of Wales has stopped his subscription to the *P. M. Gazette*. The Hon. Cavendish Bentinck moved in the House of Commons that the paper in question be suppressed

It is said that the *P. M. Gazette* has received letters from Mr. Gladstone and the Queen encouraging the editor to continue to denounce the secret vices of the aristocracy, and assuring him of their sympathy.

London 15th—The *P. M. Gazette* contradicts the report that the editor received letters from Mr. Gladstone and the Queen. The same paper states that a committee comprising Dr. Benson, Archbishop of Canterbury, Cardinal Manning, Bishop of London, and the Hon. Samuel Morley, has been appointed to investigate the truth of the disclosures contained in the *P. M. Gazette*.

London 14th—General Lord Wolseley arrived to-day at the Victoria St, Station, and was received by a crowd of friends; mostly officers and soldiers. The reception was most enthusiastic.

Paris 14th—The French Government have telegraphed instructions to General de Courcy to punish severely the Annamite officers that took part in the recent ambuscade.

London 14th—Consols are quoted at 100⅛.

New Orleans 14th—The Exhibition Palace and accessories have been sold at auction for $125,000

Berlin 15th—Advices from St. Petersburg state that General Komaroff has reported to his Government the advance of the Afghans, and that the Russians remain in their present positions. Gen. Komaroff has received orders to avoid a collision.

Madrid 15th—According to official figures there were 1052 further cases of cholera and 573 deaths throughout Spain yesterday.

Montevideo 18th—The Acevedo Concert last night was magnificent. An immense number of the best known families were present.

The decree appointing an Oriental Consul in La Plata was published to-day.

Rosario 18th—The gunboat Republica passed last night.

It is rumored that Governor Zavalla will resign, in consequence of his health.

FROM OUR BROTHER-EDITOR.

London, June 12, 1885.

The overthrow of the Gladstone Cabinet took all England by surprise. We knew, indeed, that the brewers were strongly adverse to the proposed increase of liquor duties, but no one was prepared for such an undignified collapse of the Ministry. The beer-barrel has upset a Cabinet which survived the death of Gordon, the evacuation of the Soudan and the Russian outrage at Pendjeh. Never before has the British flag suffered such indignities as in the last twelve months, and yet the Government held its ground, but the mere mention of levying a few pence on a barrel of beer is an outrage which John Bull cannot tolerate. There was a time when Mr. Gladstone (without at all deserving it) was regarded as the first financier in Europe, and now it is precisely on the debate of the Budget that his countrymen refuse any longer to be guided by him. He never was, and never will be, a far-seeing economist, but he has the merit of being a professed Free-trader, and this goes for much in an age of increasing darkness. His mania for paying off the National Debt is the cause of much suffering especially among the working classes, and produces no real benefit to any portion of the community. It is a very sad truth, that we are much behind the level of thirty years ago in financial statesmanship, and as the public are willing to be fooled, they will listen to no man who tells them what is right. If we could conjure up the ghost of Sir R. Peel, he would say that this Gladstone-American theory of making the present generation bear all present, past and future expenditure is nonsense. You see the results in the United States, where trade and industry are paralysed by fiscal burthens. The Americans have reduced their debt by one-third in the last 20 years, and are paying dearly for their folly.

When Mr. Gladstone took office in 1880 the National Debt was 774 millions sterling, whereas it is at present only 746 millions, and if his method be faithfully carried out there will be a further reduction of 170 millions in 20 years. In the meantime, the "local debt" of Great Britain is growing prodigiously, being now 180 millions sterling, which shows what a hollow farce the clap-trap system of Mr. Gladstone really is. No one is more aware of it than himself, but the public like to be cajoled with soft talk about paying off the National Debt.

Perhaps the expenditure of 100 millions for the current year would meet with less opposition if Gordon had been rescued or the Russians humiliated. But expenditure and degradation are a heavy burthen for the British taxpayer. The Conservatives, as expressed by Sir S. Northcote, propose to add 11 millions to the National Debt, in the shape of Terminable Annuities, and thus save us from additional taxation. This is much the best policy. Lord R. Churchill spoke of taxing tea, which would be extreme folly, since it already pays 50 per cent.; the beer duties would have been much better. Poor Sir Michael Hicks Beach, who defeated the Budget, is grossly ignorant of all fiscal matters; such is the irony of fate! He it was who assured the House of Commons that in some parts of Ireland the number of paupers had fallen 115 per cent.: that is, there were 15 per cent. less than none!

It seems understood that the General Elections are to come off in November. Nevertheless, if Lord Salisbury can hold his own in the present Parliament it may live till next April. The Radicals expect to sweep all before them, and as heads count perhaps they will. All the educated classes will be swamped. If we could only poll the intellect of the United Kingdom, it would be found that 90 per cent. are opposed to the rampant Dilke-Chamberlain faction. Such is the bitterness of the Radicals, against the claims of intellect, rank or education, that the Royal University of Ireland has been denied a representative, because (as Lord Kimberley explained) "all the Universities will be disfranchised before long."

After all, we must not lose hope in the destinies of this country, or fear that it is going down the same inclined plane as France. The condition of the French Republic is financially very bad, and the Paris papers of yesterday assure us that the Minister cannot cover the Budget of 1884 without a fresh emission of Rentes for 368 million francs or 15 millions sterling. In the month of January, 1884, I sent you a *resumé* of the financial affairs of Europe, wherein I pointed out that France could not pay her way in 1884 without a new loan.

The *Commercial Chronicle* of New York seems to think our American Cousins may have an unpleasant time in the first week of July, and perhaps be obliged to suspend gold payments for debt coupons; the bond-holders will lose 15 per cent. if paid in silver. This is a sad commentary on the policy of paying off the National Debt of the Union in one generation. Americans would do well to adopt "Festina Lente" for their motto.

Three new Australian loans have been launched this week, with brilliant success. That for Adelaide is in Four per Cents. at par, and the subscriptions reached four millions sterling, or nearly three times the sum required. The Swan River Loan is for £500,000, also in Four per Cents.: the whole colony (sometimes called W. Australia) has only 36,000 souls, and the total revenue is barely one million hard dollars; yet the colonists can borrow money at four per cent! The third loan is for docks and wharves, at some place called Greyport, also in Four per Cents.

I leave the general news to our Own Correspondent. I may observe, that Mr. and Mrs. Monson were at the State Ball last night at Buckingham Palace.

There is not much said of the Antwerp Exhibition, but if I can get time I shall run over to see and report on it.

The British Association meets at Aberdeen early in September, and Her Majesty intends to command the attendance of the "lions" at Balmoral.

M. G. M.

INTERVENTION.

The debate in Congress on the all-important subject of National intervention in Corrientes is a matter of too deep a significance to be allowed to pass unnoticed—not only on account of the great principles involved in the question, but also as an index of the position of parties in the House, and the very acrimonious language of some of the members who are so severe in their remarks on their own country and their own people.

The great energy of President Roca in sending off such a strong force, and at a moment's warning, should rather meet with the approval than the censure of our legislators. If the President had to wait until Congress decided on the constitutionality of the step, the rebel leader (Toledo) would have had time to mobilize the whole province and present a much stronger front than he can do now, when Gen. Ayola arrives; and, as we previously stated, we consider the conduct of the Nat. Government in this matter merits the very highest praise, and proves that we have a man at the head of the Government who will stand no nonsense.

Authority in this country does not command sufficient respect. Governors are far too easily overthrown for the well-being of our Constitution, and every measure the National Government takes to correct this abuse must meet with the approval of the people and their Congress.

To say that there are 15 "caudillos," 14 governors and one president, is but a poor compliment to the Argentine people. Yet there may be more truth in the assertion than our national vanity will allow us to admit. Colonel Toledo with his rebel forces in arms against the Government is a very severe lesson for us all. President Roca has, however, turned it to good account, and we believe that out of this affair there will come much good to the country and its people.

The following is a precis of the rather angry debate in Congress on the subject:—

The House was crowded, as the public interest had been aroused in consequence of the announcement that Deputy Demaria's interpellation of Government on the following points would be the subject of discussion:—

1st—What are the antecedents of the Corrientes question?

2nd—Whether previously to the date of the decree 'ad hoc' the Executive was aware of the existence of the troops referred to in the said decree and, if so, what measures had been adopted to disperse them?

3d—What arms were in the possession of the troops to be dispersed; also whether the Provincial Governments have arms?

4th—Whether the other provinces have at their disposal troops, as in Corrientes, that require to be dispersed; and, if so, have the same steps been taken to disperse them?

5th—What instruction has Government given the General entrusted with the task of dispersing the troops in Corrientes?

6th—Whether, previously to the present measures, the Executive had ordered the local Government to disperse the troops, also whether the local Government had refused to comply with the orders from the National Executive?

The Ministers of Interior and War being present to reply to the interpellation, Deputy Demaria rose and said that, if he had interpellated Government, it was merely with a view to obtaining official information respecting affairs in Corrientes and also with regard to the object of the decree issued by the Executive on the 13th inst. He dwelt at length on the importance of answering the questions he had laid before the House and concluded by requesting the Ministers referred to to reply to the same questions.

Dr. Paz, Minister of Interior in reply stated that he would lay before the House the official telegram relating to the rising in Corrientes. On the 11th inst., he went on to say, a body of provincial soldiers organized a seditious movement in the capital of the Province of Corrientes, deposing the authorities, imprisoning them, and compelling them to resign. The Commander of this body of soldiers assumed the rights of governing the people. Only subsequently, the Executive was acquainted officially with the fact that Governor Derqui had been set at liberty that the Vice-Governor had assumed the Governorship 'pro tem'; and finally that the National Guard of the province had been called out and armed.

The Minister concluded by stating that the official telegrams received by the Executive were at the disposal of the House and that the other questions would be answered by his colleague, Dr. Ortiz.

Dr. Ortiz, Minister of War 'pro tem,' without any preamble came at once to the point and said that the Executive had not been officially informed of the rising in the province Corrientes, until Dr. Derqui's had been received, and that the arms employed by the insurgents were believed to be those usually given by the Executive to the Provincial troops. With regard to the forces of other provinces, the Government was not officially informed of any extraordinary number of troops in any of the provinces. That it was only lately that it was discovered through the medium of the press, that Santa Fé and several departments of the province of Buenos Aires had at their disposal an illegal number of armed soldiers.

In reply to a remark that Santiago del Estero had a thoroughly disciplined military detachment, drilled every day in the plaza, the Minister stated the Government had not been officially informed of the fact. Dr. Ortiz subsequently said General Ayala had received orders from the National Executive to re-establish the legal authorities in the Province of Corrientes, and to compel the insurgents to surrender.

The Minister concluded, in reply to the 6th question, by stating that the National Government could not well anticipate the rising in Corrientes, as no information of an official character had been received. Nevertheless the President of the Republic, as Commander-in-chief of the forces of the Argentine Republic is at liberty to send troops to any part of the Republic.

Deputy Demaria then rose to state that the questions he had put to the Government had no political character whatever. He was only fulfilling his duty as a deputy in calling the Government to account for an act which was unconstitutional. The Constitutional text was clear and comprehensible, and it was not difficult to prove that on the present case the Executive had abrogated one of the privileges of Congress. The fact that the President of the Republic is Commander-in-Chief of Argentine forces, does not justify his violation of the Constitution. Whatever might have been the good intentions of the Government, they should have remained faithful to their duty. And in the present case their conduct is most censurable, for they could not possibly close their eyes to the fact that Congress is open. Deputy Demaria then quoted the North American Constitution.

Several other deputies spoke in the same strain and denounced the decree of the 13th inst. as a most unconstitutional act. Deputy Puebla attributed the act to the fact that Government could in any case count on a majority in Congress. This elicited a reply from the Minister of War who stated that this was a clear proof of the confidence Congress placed in the Government.

Deputy Calvo maintained that whenever a rising broke out, it was the duty of the Executive to at once suppress it, and he believed that the National Executive was perfectly justified in its proceedings in the Corrientes affair, as it is necessary to clear the country of "caudillos," who are on the alert to spread insubordination.

Deputy Vidal thought it difficult to accomplish this task, because there were fifteen "caudillos," fourteen Governors, and one President.

Deputy Calvo observed that his colleague was no "caudillo." A "caudillo in his opinion was a man who had acquired prestige by his intelligence and talents. He concluded by stating that the Executive was perfectly right in intervening without delaying in asking the consent of Congress.

Deputy Vidal most emphatically condemned the conduct of the Executive. Deputy Gorostia made a lengthy speech which concluded by condemning the proceedings of the Executive as illegal. He also dwelt on the political aspect of the Republic and considered the Governors of the provinces as petty tyrants. He drew a sketch of the fall of Gallino and alluded to the safer position of Derqui who had taken refuge under Ayala's totulary wing.

With regard to the distribution of arms in the Provinces, he said the Executive was justified in giving arms to the various Governments, but at the same time it should use some judgment, and see that these arms, distributed for the purpose of defending the constitution, were not employed in overthrowing our institutions and authorities. He concluded by presenting the following project:—

Art. 1—The Executive shall send immediately for the arms distributed amongst the Provincial Governments and deposit these arms in the National Arsenals.

Deputy Demaria subsequently presented the following projects:—

Art. 1—The decree of July 13th, 1885, relating to the rising in Corrientes, is suspended.

The debate came to a close at 6.15 p.m. when Deputy Demaria's project to suspend the decree of the 13th inst., was sent to the Committee.

LONDON LETTER.

(*From our own Correspondent.*)

THE CRISIS.

June 12th.

You will receive by this Liverpool steamer to-morrow's morning papers, but seeing that Lord Salisbury will not arrive at Balmoral before 4 p.m. this afternoon, you are not likely to see much more than I send you enclosed.

One good thing, so far, Mr Gladstone has done. He sticks to his resignation and is not going to be fooled, as he allowed himself to be by Lord Beaconsfield, when the present Premier went out on the Irish University Bill. Mr. Gladstone at his age has very properly refused to make a journey of 500 miles to Balmoral, so the Queen will have to come back to London. She objects to Windsor during the Ascot week. The Conservative party is in a great mess. As a Scotch paper has said, "like naughty boys they have been ringing away at area bells and running away," but now they are caught and no one envies their position—that of having to keep a hot place cool until the elections. There is an impression that Lord Salisbury will sneak out of it and recommend Her Majesty to apply to Sir Stafford Northcote.

I believe your brother Editor is in town, although I have not seen him. You will know all about the new ministerial arrangements by telegram, therefore there is no use in repeating the mere gossip of the hour in respect to possible appointments.

I can tell you that as a rule the Radical party, which is the real political party now in this country, are delighted at the overthrow of the Gladstone ministry. There will be hard fighting between this and December, and the extreme party has now its hands free. The Conservatives in office, without power, cannot fail to make themselves ridiculous; but it would be a courageous man who would venture to prophesy as to the issue of the elections. The Conservative element in the country generally is very strong, and it is recruited lately by moderate Liberals, who fear and detest the Socialist principles which the English democracy has recently imbibed. Had the late Government remained in office I should have been inclined to bet in favour of a Conservative majority; as the Liberals in general would have been tied to discretion. As it is, they may now go any lengths with the democracy, fairly enfranchised by the Reform Bill, which Whigs and Tories have agreed to hurry through the House of Lords to-night, and the Commons on Monday.

The first difficulty with the Conservative Government is Ireland, as the party is pledged to coercion. Lord Salisbury is reported to make it a condition of his accepting office that the Liberals will support him in renewing the Crimes Act. I do not see how that is possible. The Radical element in the late cabinet will certainly not agree to any such compromise. The most that Mr Gladstone can do to serve the opposition is to consent to retire from the leadership of his party for the present. If his health is not good he will retire from public life altogether. The probability is that his health will very much improve after he leaves Downing Street—and he is already packing up—and that the old man will die in harness.

You will see a great deal about "foreign opinion" of the crisis in England; and mysterious allusions in Berlin newspapers to the failure of Lord Rosebery's mission to Berlin, and Mr Chamberlain's to Paris, as causes of the late defeat of the Government. All that is rubbish. The foreign papers understand nothing about our politics. The cause of the defeat was accidental, and more or less as I have related in another letter. Everything looked so calm and peaceful at home and abroad, people went about for their own pleasure and business, and paid no heed to the Liberal whips. A few discontented persons and distillers served to complete the catastrophe.

You will see a curious paragraph in the papers giving hopes—slender I am afraid—that Gordon is still alive, and that it was the Austrian Consul not Gordon who was killed in the streets. Another account and quite recent reports that it was Gordon, and that his head was exposed for several days and spat at by the Arabs.

In connection with the strange story about Gordon's fate published by a provincial paper yesterday, the following telegram from Cairo in the *Siècle* is of some interest:—"An Israelite who has arrived from Khartoum says that General Gordon, M. Abougathas, a Greek merchant, two Turkish cavasses, and a servant from the General, left Khartoum before the entry of the rebels. He asserts that neither their lead bodies, their clothes, nor their papers have been found."

Just before one o'clock this afternoon the main entrance of the Inventions Exhibition was discovered to be on fire and that part of the premises was soon enveloped in flames. A number of engines were soon on the spot, and although at the time of going to press the fire was still burning, it was hoped that its spread to the main portions of the Exhibition will be prevented.

One report states that the fire broke out in the India Museum, and there was very great excitement. Help was willingly given by a great number of persons in removing the goods to a place of safety.

The Evolutunary Squadron has arrived at Cork. It consists of 12 ships under Admiral Hornby, and will at once commence a series of naval exercises on the Irish coast.

ROSARIO.

(*From our own Correspondent*)

July 17.

Foreigners usually say that Englishmen are the most conservative people in the world, that is when they are polite enough not to call us the most pigheaded. They say that we are so wedded to our customs and prejudices that, socially speaking, we are a most offensive people. Let us concede that there is some truth in this. It is true, as a general rule, that the Englishman and particularly the Englishwoman look down from a very high elevation on those unfortunate people who by force of circumstances are unacquainted with the language of Shakespeare. To these people the incomprehensible vernacular of Somersetshire, and the 'burr' of Northumberlandshire, possess a sweeter cadence than the language of Göethe, Moliere or Cervantes. They put me in mind of the patriotic denizen of the Island of Antigua:

"Do you mean to say you have never been in Antigua? Phew!! Where have you been brought up?

But apart from the amiable or unamiable social prejudices of the generality of Anglo-Saxons, I say that there is much less conservatism amongst Englishmen than Frenchmen and Spaniards. For instance. There is no country in the world in which we see such effort to do away with old-fangled abuses as in England, with the result that in no other country in the world, except the United States, is public opinion such a powerful factor. In those countries the spirit of improvement, of progress is ever active, penetrating into every department of human knowledge and into all phases of human life. The French are fond of considering themselves the most civilized people on this globe; but let any dispassionate observant man, after a residence in England, pass leisurely through France, and he will be astonished at the stationary character of everything he sees. The people care for no change; they are content to go on living as their forefathers lived. Thus he will rarely meet with any of the thousands of useful inventions that are so conducive to the comfort and prosperity of the Anglo-Saxon race. In Paris and the larger towns even, it is only the better classes that seem to feel the progress of the age, and are affected by it. In Spain the stand-still nature of the people is even more persistent. In almost every sphere of life, in almost everything, the Spain of Philip II. exists at the present time, from Asturias to Catalonia, from Castile to Andalusia. This aversion to change or innovation is characteristic of the Spanish race in all parts of the world. It is the great obstacle to progress in the States of Latin America. It is what meets us at every corner in the Argentine Republic. Arbitrariness for instance, has always been the beau ideal of Spanish authority, and see how faithful to the tradition are all our rulers, from Governors down to policemen. "Mañana was the motto of the "alcalde" of Gil Blas, and to this day it is the motto of every one in authority in South America. The cumbersome, expensive and dilatory mechanism of the laws and justice remains the same, century after century. The "escribano" and the "procurador" and the "aguazil" and "juez de paz" of the days of Isabela la Catolica, might rise from their graves and occupy their old posts in Spain, and the same offices in the New World, and find that no change had taken place during the intervening ages. The modern blotting paper has not superseded the sandbox; and if the steel pen has taken the place of the goose quill it is because the later has disappeared from commerce, at least in America. Now, as in the old time, the "doy fé" of a notary public is necessary for all the acts of a citizen, from the ceremony of being born to that of being buried. Now, as then, a man cannot make a contract, he cannot lend or borrow money, he cannot marry, he cannot buy or sell a house or piece of land, without the indispensable "doy fé" of the "escribano," for which he is usually obliged to pay outrageously. Such is the conservatism of the Spanish race that they hold on with tenacity to social and political abuses, errors and absurdities that have disappeared long ago from other civilized nations. Fortunately we are better off in the Argentine Republic than are the people of other South American states. The stream of cosmopolitan immigration flowing into the country, the higher standard of education, more particularly the spread of education amongst the females, will soon constitute a civilizing power that will in a short time oppose successfully the baneful effects of a multitude of ancient customs, prejudices and habits, incompatible with the civilization attained in this nineteeth century.

The rise in the price of gold does not take us by surprise. Dr. Pellegrini's mission, it has been suspected for some weeks past, will turn out a failure even if Congress sanctions the arrangement, which in my opinion it will not and ought not to do. The Government will then be obliged to do what it should have done before, sell their Railways and "Obras de Salubridad." The little affair in Corrientes may have aided the Bulls, but it is the hash made of the loan that is the real cause of the advance in the price of gold, as it has left the market in a critical state of uncertainty, and a splendid field for the operations of Bulls and Bears. As for the tempest in a tea-pot in Corrientes, the President is showing pretty clearly that he will stand no more of that nonsense. Still it is very discouraging to think that the race of half-savage, 'gaucho caudillos' is not yet extinct in the Republic. In every province we have men of the Quiroga, Varela, Chacho, Chumbita and Ontivero type, who are always ready to rebel against constituted authority. The energy of the present Government has restrained this turbulent uncivilized element, inherent in the nature of people who have Indian blood in their veins; but we find that their lust of slaughter is shown in the great increase of assassination in the last few years. As for the Correntino gaucho, let us hope General Ayala has plenary powers to shoot him. This is a case of:

"Off with his head; so much for Buckingham"

W. P.

CASHMERE EARTHQUAKE.

This truly awful event, of which till now we merely got the most scanty telegraphic advices, has proved a disaster of such magnitude, we that find in the London papers of 19 June, that 2,281 human beings perished in the shock at Muzufurabady. In Java the volcanoes are again at work, and the most dread consequences apprehended. The London papers give the following interesting details of that part of Cashmere, which has been desolated by the disaser:—

Serinagur is near the centre of the Vale of Cashmere, and that whole territory experienced the terrible earthquake shocks. The damage caused throughout the vale is enormous. The loss in cattle alone is very great. The affrighted people seem to be utterly helpless and succor is being sent them as rapidly as the Indian authorities can organize relief. Many of the houses yet standing show large rents in the walls, and must be razed to the ground. The shocks have not yet ceased, and this fact greatly retards the work of rescuing the people pinned down in the débris, and it is feared that many of these must perish before they can be reached by the relief parties.

Serinagur, also called Cashmere, is a town of India, the capital of Cashmere, near the centre of the Vale of Cashmere. It is said to have been founded by Pravara Séu early in the sixth century, and is built on both banks of the River Jhelum. Many of its houses are built of wood, with balconies and carved lattice windows, with projecting upper stories propped on poles and overhanging the little canals that in certain parts are the streets. Over the river are seven bridges fashioned of beams laid on stone and timber piers. The palace is in the fort on the south side of the river. Several small Hindu temples are in the town and the chief mosques are the Jámi mosque and that of Shah Hamadán. The latter is a very prominent building. It is topped by a little wooden spire; its walls are of stone and timber and its wooden roof is low and sloping. The old pleasure gardens of the Mughals are on the shores of the Dal Lake. The finely formed inhabitants of Cashmere are now mostly Mohammedans, but their physique has been weakened by poverty and sedentary occupations in close rooms. The shawl weavers of Serinagur were, a few years ago, estimated to be about 22 per cent. of the inhabitants. Since then, however, this percentage has been reduced by reason of the smaller demand for Cashmere shawls. An attempt has been made by the Maharáj Já to offset this by advancing the interests of silk manufactures. France has been the best market for shawls, and native art has been crippled by French patterns. Shawl and blanket weaving employ many hands at Islàmábád, where also a sort of coarse chintz is made. Many persons are employed in embroidering fine woolen cloths, not only in Cashmere, but also in the Indian settlements Múrpúr, Amritsar, and Ludhiána. In Serinagur many are busy in manufacturing various articles in papier mâché, and ornamental painted woodwork. Silversmiths make money in ornamental vases, flower holders, goblets, &c., silver and silver gilt. A smaller number of persons is employed on engraved and embossed copper work and in the manufacture of ornamental vessels of tinned copper. There is a very good kind of paper made in Cashmere, and a museum of the products and manufactures of this place was established at Serinagur in 1875.

The report of 1873, prepared by order of the Maharáj, gives the population of Cashmere, which is an elevated and inclosed valley in the Himalaya Mountains north of the Punjab, as nearly 492,000 at that time, and of these about 64,000 were Hindus and the rest Moslems, about 4 per cent. of the latter being Shiites. The estimated population of Serinagur was about 132,000, of which nearly 40,000 were Hindus. Since the the famine of 1878 there has been a great falling off, which has been caused by deaths and emigration. The language of Cashmere, spoken only in the valley itself and in the adjacent hills and in Northern India, is of the Aryan family. Shawls and other woolen fabrics, rice, fruits, and saffron are the chief articles of export, and the chief imports are English piece goods, Indian cloths, shawl wool, metals, precious stones, skins, felts, dyestuffs, tin, charas, (hemp juice), groceries, and salt. The gross annual value of the imports is about £210,000, and of the exports about £172,000. On account of the smaller demand for shawls the latter amount is less than formerly. Cashmere's gross annual revenue is thought to be about £550,000, and of the Maharáj's whole territories about £800,000, the principal source of income being the land revenue. The Maharáj has established at Serinagur and elsewhere dispensaries, with native medical men educated in India. He has also built at his own expense a commodious hospital at Serinagur for the medical mission.

Serinagur, June 2.—The Mohammedan mosque in the little town of Sopur 20 miles north of Serinagur, was demolished and 200 persons were killed.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Our brother editor's telegram, yesterday morning, made amends for all the labor we had with our blessed Code. Seventy thousand words written out in duplicate was too heavy a job to go for nothing, and the freshness, importance and reliability of the news, compensated for all the trouble we were put to in the matter. Our readers may rest assured now that whatever news of importance is in London, they will have in our columns the next morning, and if there is no message it is because there is nothing to cable.

Havas telegrams last night possess no important features, beyond the fortification of Tripoli by the Turks; the real drift of this is to be prepared for the Italians.

Dr. Pacheco, Minister of Hacienda, received a telegram from a leading banker in London yesterday offering the Government £550,000 in gold, in bar or in sovereigns, which is rather good news for us all. The same telegram reports everything quiet in Europe.

We give in another column a "precis" of the debate in Congress on the Corrientes question. It was most animated, and some of the Deputies, to judge by their speeches, were very excited.

The latest from Corrientes is that Toledo has marched his men out of the city, and encamped 4 leagues off. All the South of Corrientes has declared in favor of Derqui; still it seems that this unfortunate affair will not wind up without bloodshed.

We received yesterday Dr. Pirau's work on the "Cria del Meriuo y el cultivo de lana," an admirably written pamphlet and one which will much interest our country readers; we hold the book over for a leisurable perusal and review. It is a happy sign to see our lawyers occupying themselves with such useful subjects as the growth of the Merino sheep in the Plate.

An unfortunate Italian waiter in a Calle Artes "dive" went mad and blew his brains out on Thursday. The Lottery did it. He spent all his wages, and more, in tickets, and, a few days ago, declared he would kill himself if he did not win "la grande" in the Agentes Unidos Lottery. He did not win anything, and kept his word.

With much pleasure we announce the following donations to the Irish Orphanage from the winners of the big prize in the Lottery:—

	$ m/n
Richard Ganley, 1/5 ticket.....	125
John Sullivan, 1/5.....	125
John Brady, 2/5	250
Andrew Geoghegan, aproximacion..	20

The Politeama will be crowded on Monday night, as it is the last performance and also the benefit of M. Alfredo Cattanco, the popular representative of the Company. The performance to-day is dedicated to the little ones of B. Ayres.

The Exhibition at La Plata is carrying on vigorously. Each day and night something or another is arranged to amuse and enlighten the public. School children sing and recite in the afternoon, and at night lectures, recitations and concerts are given. This is as it should be, for it brings all classes of the community together, and the Platenses duly appreciate a rendezvous such as the salon of the Exhibition has become. The Bird's-eye View and a drawing representing all the finished public buildings in La Plata seem to puzzle people. Some seem to think they have been lithographed from life; others say they are copies of photographs! They cannot understand that they are sketched with pen and ink from the life, and thus are faithful representatives of what has been done in two years in La Plata. The buggies and harness and saddlery are things to be seen, and bargains are now to be made, for the things are to be sold, at the end of the term, very cheap indeed. We again recommend our friends in Buenos Ayres, now that the weather has improved, to run down to La Plata.

ther vote of thanks for their efforts on behalf of the too numerous animals who fall on our abominable pavement under trams, and vehicles of all kinds, and are left by their brutal owners lying in agony with broken limbs till death relieves them. The Zoophiles propose that animals fatally injured by falls or otherwise shall be destroyed on the spot. It would be an act of humanity to enact this. The indifference to the suffering of dumb animals in this country is most shocking to rightly constituted minds.

The latest ridiculous craze in London Society is for ladies to leave their pet dogs' cards with their own when making a call. What disgusting absurdity! There is a day of reckoning coming for all the social nonsense and vice at home.

At the fireworks in Rosario the other night a rocket-stick tore open a boy's lip and left him senseless. Dr. Covernton happened to be near and rendered every assistance to the sufferer. No man, boy or being of any kind can go to fireworks in this blessed country with any certainty that he won't be buried next day.

That lovely and accomplished singer La Stahl is going to marry Menotti the baritone, when their professional engagements for the season are finished. Most lucky Menotti. He is now singing at the Solis in Montevideo, and she has gone on to Rio with Ferrari.

Some one in Paris with a lot of money and no brains has given 16,000 pats for a collection of stamps that belonged to Mr Lucidero Durante of Montevideo. The lucidity of the purchaser may be questioned.

Moths, when once found to be established in a carpet, can be killed, it is stated, by laying a wet sheet upon the carpet and rubbing over it an iron, so as to convert the moisture into steam.

An exchange makes mention of an "aristocratic lad," who refused to read newspapers, magazines, tracts, and ordinary books, because they are made of rags.

The perennial howl against the 'tired meat' brought to market is again raised. If the Lord Mayor would divert his attention from more showy things and attend to this chronic evil, he would do a great service to the public.

During the fireworks in Plaza Carmen on Friday night some person unknown (and highly likely to remain so) shied a stone into the air; and it came down on the crown of a hatless gentleman named Muchi, and floored him much. He howled manfully, but a doctor who was present (Doctors are so woefully numerous here that they turn up in the most curious places at half a second's notice) told him that he would be well before the Russians got to Herat, or the Prussians to Holland.

"L'Aventuriere" at the Opera House on Friday was very good. Madame Laure and M. Lagier played magnificently. The plot is even more absurd than the usual run of French plays.

Several railway and steamer companies have offered to carry goods at a reduction for the contemplated International Exhibition here.

Is nobody to be exposed in the Concordia smuggling case? It's too bad. The public were looking out for a sensation.

When the health guard went on board the Henri IV at Montevideo the other day, they were provided with thundering big sticks, to keep the rats from devouring them at night. Pleasant ship to travel in or send valuable cargo by!

There was "no quo" in the Concejo Deliberante on Friday evening, and the attempt to get through some city business was no go.

Two letters of the late Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia, that go some way towards whitewashing Marshal Bazaine's character as a Frenchman, have recently been published in Paris. The fickle Gauls may yet take the Marshal to their hearts again.

One of the two firework men who were at work in Rosario on the 9th coaxed the porter of the Municipality to give him all the files of newspapers there to use for his rockets, "bombas" etc. The Mayor was so furious when he heard of the transaction that he only paid the man of rockets 200 Nats instead of 500 he had promised him. The Bolsa shareholders intend to give themselves a feed on the same evening as the Beneficencia ball. Bolsa men are all prodigious epicures, so we shall no doubt have to refer to Lucullus when describing the banquet.

The Zoophiles are entitled to ano-

(*Continued on 2nd page.*)

WOOLLEY & BESANT
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14 years
Jamaica Rum, etc,
95----Maipu----95
z220 j28 xp

Dr. William J. Galbraith
Has opened his studio of lawyer at No. 27 Calle Victoria. Office hours 11 to 5 daily.
z175 f21 xp

Colegio Literario
Incorporado al Colegio Nacional
249—BOLIVAR—249
Este Colegio, bajo la direccion del Señor Frecker de la Universidad de Oxford y del Sr. Hutchison, recibe pupilos, medio-pupilos, y externos; lecciones particulares, cursos especiales para examenes.
110 d12 xp

Muggeridge
&
Lightoller
SHIP-BROKERS AND GENERAL AGENTS.
Bahia Blanca

Buenos Ayres
ENGLISH HIGH-SCHOOL
257—*PERU*—257.

NOTICE.

Parents and Guardians intending to enrol children at this School, are requested to do so AT ONCE; as no more DAY-PUPILS can be received for this Session AFTER THE END OF THIS MONTH nor any more BOARDERS after the few remaining vacancies are filled up, the chool being already full.

Teaching-Staff

The Staff, which is now completed, consists of the following; and, as will be seen by the qualifications appended is, perhaps the best working-staff to be found in any private school, Native or Foreign, in the Argentine Republic.

I—Rector, A Watson Hutton, M.A., F.E.I.S. Master of Arts ("Honours" in Philosophy, Edinburgh University); Fellow of the Educational Institute of Scotland, First Prize Essayist (Educational Subjects) Edinburgh University, Session 1879-80; and, for more than eight years one of the Masters of George Watson' College, Edinburgh.

II—Lady-Superintendent, Mrs. Hutton, Government Certificated Teacher; 'Queen's Scholar' of the Normal Training College, Edinburgh; and for more than seven years Chief Lady-Teacher in George Watson's College, Edinburgh.

III—Spanish, French &c. Master, M. Edmund Reydams, "Gradué en Lettres," Brussels University.

IV—Elementary Mistress and General Assistant, Miss E C Waters, Government Certificated Teacher, for over eight years one of the Teachers in George Heriot's Out-door Schools Edinburgh; and lately in Viscountess Keith's School, Kinneardine-on-Forth.

V—Music Teacher, Miss M A Russell, lately of the Ladies' College, Edinburgh, where for the last ten years she has been teaching the Piano and the Harmonium in co-operation with Professor F W Bridgman, the leading Music Master in Scotland.

VI—Drill Sergeant and Gymnastic Master, Mr Wm. G. Water, lately of the First Edinburgh Rifles, and Cowan's Gymnasium, Edinburgh.

Prospectuses with full particulars on application.

EDITOR'S TABLE

(Continued from 1st page

The news from Corrientes yesterday was that Joe Toledo had taken the field. If Joseph confine himself to the field it will be all right; but should he, like most previous patriots in these regions, take to taking other people's property, there will be the d——l to pay. In any case Joe must be forced to take a back seat for the rest of his natural life. The 'gaucho' element in politics has had its day.

The telegraph is beginning the same see-saw game about the Anglo-Russian question as it played in the Egyptian muddle. One day peace; another war; another a little of both. It's like boiled jerked beef—simply disgusting. The speculative element must have something to say to it. Giers is a Hebrew.

A good many people of "ton" declared their intention yesterday of going to the Colon at night to hear the Escalante Opera Company. Several very "ton"-y people had to go without any opera at all this year, owing to Ferrari's high prices, and all kinds of polite fictions were invented to explain why they kept away from the madding crowd.

It was as cold as charity yesterday at daybreak, and froze during the night. The Plate has never enjoyed a finer winter; but there must be some compensation for this, and Southern sheepfarmers will probably be washed out by terrible floods in the spring.

An unfortunate young fool of 21 shot himself through the heart on Friday for one of the chorus girls in the National Theatre. The police have questioned the girl, and she says that she barely knew the boy, and only spoke to him three times in her life.

The Santa Fé colonies are roaring daily for new hands, but the supply from Italy has fallen to a minimum, and it will be at least six weeks before the annual swelling of the immigration tide begins.

The Buenos Ayres Faculty are going to ask the National Government to send one or more of them to Spain to watch and report on the famous Dr. Ferran's inoculation system for cholera. The Treasury cannot afford the proposed trip to Europe at present, and the doctors will have to pay their own expenses if they are bent on going.

A woman who has taken in sewing for a couple of years to support her lazzy and drunken husband says it is surprising that the Board of Health has not had her indicted for "maintaining a nuisance."

That was a clever boy who, when he was given five shillings to dig up his aunt's garden, hid a two shilling piece in it, and told all the boys in the neighbourhood. The next morning the ground was pulverized two feet deep.

The "Sucesos de Corrientes" are becoming a thorough bore. If Toledo would only get a sharp attack of gout, the whole thing would burst up.

The latest invention in Austria is a mechanical baritone that sings the part of the Count di Luna in "Trovatore" as well as Graziani or Santley, and can even draw its sword and embrace the prima donna. The baritone is wound up between the acts; so are many live singers, by means of brandy and water, champagne, and other stimulants.

More banging of guns yesterday morning at the Battery! "El Diez y ocho de Julio.!" Great day for Ireland and lots of other places. We salute everybody concerned with the utmost effusion and profusion.

A foreigner who has just arrived here for the first time says it is the most glorious climate on earth, with nice hospitable people; but that anyone can see that civilization is backward by the display of daggers and hand-knives in the cutlers' windows, which explains the frequency of murder and homicide here. In few cities in Europe are daggers to be seen in the cutlers' windows, being considered preemenently treacherous weapons only fit for cowards.

There is a jollification at San Martin to-day "en revanche" for the Clerk of the weather having put his veto on any patriotic capers on the 9th.

The friends of Mr. Bablin C. E. are going to give him a dinner for having built the Canuelas line so nicely, so quickly and so well. Quite right.

A Ligurian named Maffino was arrested in Rosario the other day in woman's attire. He admitted that he was playing the spy on his rather frisky wife.

In 1760 the population of the city of Cordoba was 14.000 souls, of whom 200 were whites. It is now 40,000. No great increase to boast of.

St. Andrew's Scotch School
COMMITTEE of MANAGEMENT

James Mohr Bell, Chairman.
David Methven, Jun., Hon. Secretary
James Dodds, Honorary Treasurer.
John Grant, John Cowes, Members.

TEACHING STAFF.

William S. Connacher, Head Master, and Miss Margaret Dale, L.L.A. assisted by an efficient staff of competent assistants.

Prospectuses may be had at the school or by applying to Mr. Grant, Libreria Anglo-Argentine, Calle Cangallo.

Further particulars may be had from the Head-master at the school or from James Dodds, J. Mohr Bell and Co's, 335 Calle Victoria 256 f27 xp

ST. ANDREW'S SCOTCH SCHOOL.
Buenos Aires.

The Committee of Management desire to call attention of Parents and Guardians to the following announcements:

I—It has been arranged that holidays corresponding to the Christmas holidays in England will be given this Session, the said holidays to extend from June 24th to July 5th, both days inclusive. This arrangement has been made in consequence of complaints as to the length of the School year and the consequent strain on Pupils when there is no break in Mid-session.

II—Owing to the increase of Pupils and the necessity of conducting classes according to the most modern methods, a new and commodious Class-room has now been added to the School.

III—The Committee has been fortunate enough to secure the services of a competent Spanish Master, who will limit his tuition to that subject.

IV—Arrangements are in progress for bringing out an Assistant-master from England, who in addition to qualifications of scholarship, will be a thoroughly trained Teacher, and is hoped he will be here at an early date.

V—Music, which heretofore has only been taught before and after school-hours, will now be taught during school-hours as well. Miss Porteous will continue as before at the former fees, while Miss Gallacher will teach during school-hours. Her fees may be learned on application at the School.

The Committee in making these arrangements have been actuated by a desire to render the School thoroughly efficient, and they are satisfied that the Institution when thus re-arranged will compare favourably with any private school in town.

It is hoped by the Committee that the above arrangements will meet with the approbation of all Parents and Guardians of the School's Pupils.

Buenos Aires, June 1885.

By Order of the
COMMITTEE

141 j1 jl16 e.o.d.

Dr D. T. R. Davison M.D.
Late Resident Physician to the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary
168---Suipacha---168
Consultations between 1 and 3 p.m.
104 n11 xp

El Extracto de Tabaco Virginia.
Marca "La Oveja"
DE
H. RATHJE
80—MAIPU—80

Es el mejor y mas eficas remedio para la sarna en el ganado lanar. Este Extracto que es y siempre ha sido de superior calidad como lo pueden atestiguar todos mis consumidores, no se debe confundir con otros especificos que se denominan extracto de tabaco llevando algunos de ellos en sus envases la estampa de una oveja.

Mi Extracto de Tabaco Virginia lleva en cada lata un rotulo con mi marca registrada "La Oveja," mi nombre y domicilio y en cajon mi marca general de comercio H. R.

H. Rathje
Buenos Aires, Calle Maipu 80.
372 n21

Missing Friends.

Information is desired of the present whereabouts, death or next of kin, of the following persons:—

John Milne

A master mariner, age 55, left London for Buenos Ayres in the Rosita in May 1884.

Robert Rice

Left London in May 1884, supposed to be an engineer, was last heard of in S. Nicolas.

Alexander Simpson

Heard of last November, was lodging with a French Ironmonger and had been employed in a Dockyard at Buenos Ayres.

Michael Daley

Supposed to have sheep with Mr. John Duffy, Carmen de Areco, and had been in the British Hospital.

William Roethgar

Of Junin, supposed to have died November 20th, 1884.

Henry L. Thompson

Left St. Castle Hill at Buenos Ayres on July 1884.

William Winn

Left Liverpool on 5th Sept. 1879. Mother wishes him to return, has not heard of him for 5 years.

Joseph Adams

Served on board steamer Scotia, and was in Hospital at Buenos Ayres.

Edward Holland

A carpenter, left St. Helena in barque Tenedos for Falkland Islands.

Samuel Mingay

From Scotland.

Donald McPhail

Was third Engineer in the steamer Mercurio in 1884.

Handley

A Civil Engineer engaged in railway construction.

Thomas L. Evans

Left England in 1874, was last heard of at Welsh Colony, Chubut.

F. Clarke

Lived in 1882 with late Consul Pauli at San Isidro.

Nicol McNeill

Was near San Nicolas 3 years ago, has a brother, Donald McNeill, Colonsay.

Edward Boyle

Reported to have been murdered at Buenos Ayres 2 years ago.

Peter Libby

eft Falmouth 50 years ago.

John and Logan Chandler

Who came from Suffolk long ago.

Matthew Muir

Captain of a Dredge, in employ of Argentine Government, who died in Santa Fé, April 1883.

William Daley

Died recently at Buenos Ayres, leaving property, had brothers, Andrew, John, Michael and Patrick, and a sister Ellen.

John Thompson

Died at Mr. W. Stevens's, Calle Cuyo, in July 1883.

Clement Reader

Died at British Hospital January 1871.

Samuel Howard

Died on board a steamer in Alta Parana in 1878.

John Meyerovich

Left Odessa 1882 for Buenos Ayres.

Joseph James Benwell

A Seaman, was heard of in Buenos Ayres March 1885.

Ewan Christian Lloyd

Civil Engineer, came from Liverpool end of 1884.

Ronald Bridgett
H.B.M. Consul

British Consulate
272 Calle General Lavalle
17th June, 1885. e 151 j18 jy18 e.o.d.

To Engineers and Contractors.

Surveys and levels plotted. Quantities, estimates and designs made from supplied data. Reports on works made from notes and finished drawings made from sketches.

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Post Office Box 241.
96 jy13 30

TOMAS WOOD
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Surveys for damage, purchase or repairs. All classes of machinery erected, and plant laid down by competent workmen, under the supervision of the Advertiser.

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e 255 j30 jy31

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Public Surveyor
276—CALLE MAIPU—276
BUENOS AIRES.

Judicial Surveys, Levelling, Irrigation Works, Contracts.

Price list for Judicial Surveys

A.—For insjde Camps.
The owner paying all the current expenses of the work and all judicial expenses, for survey, dividing and marking 40 p. m/n p. league kilom.

B.—For camps outside the Railway Stations 50 p. m/n per league kilom.

C.—For inside camps, all the expenses of the work being at my charge. Survey, division and marking 80 p. m/n per league kilom.

D.—For camps outside the 5th Meridian, 100 p. m/n.

26 jy3 a3

TINTORERIA
A. PRAT
74—Calle de Suipacha—74
BUENOS AIRES

Se tiñe, se limpia, toda clase de ropa y géneros

Se blanquean al estado de nuevo las cortinas de muselina.

Se compone ropa de hombre y ninos.

Sucursal única
178—*CHACABUCO*—178
e 134 j16 si6

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Watchmaker and Jeweller
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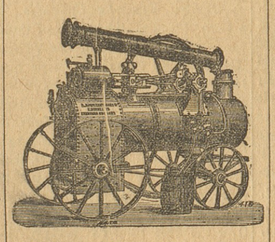
A selected assortment of excellent Watches and Jewelry always on hand.

All kinds of repairs executed promptly and with accuracy.

218---Piedad---218
106 j12 xp



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Corralones de Maderas, Calle de Mejico Nos. 2 y 16, Calle Pedro Mendoza 255 a 265 Boca del Riachuelo.
12 jy2 a2

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Agents in Chascomus
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1871—Calle Piedad—1871

NOTICE.

Commercial Travellers, Estancieros and others visiting Buenos Ayres, can be accommodated with furnished rooms, board, etc. Terms moderate. At Miss Killion's, 328 Calle Lavalle, Buenos Ayres.

N.B.—Particular attention paid to emigrants. 30 j4 xp

NOTICE

Having closed my Offices, Cangallo 55, any correspondence, during my absence can be forwarded to Messrs Worrell & Latorre, 181 Calle Peru.

J. Feely.

191 j22 j122

BAHIA BLANCA
E P. GOODHALL
Calle Estomba No. 6
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The Sale and Purchase of Estancia and Town and Suburb Municipal Lands

Receives goods for sale on consignment and for forwarding to the country. Attends personally to despatching from ships and through the Custom House.

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BUENOS AYRES
MONTEVIDEO
ROSARIO DE SANTA FE

Authorised Capital..... £2,000,000 Ster.
Subscribed Capital..... 1,500,000 "
Reserve Fund..... 210,000 "

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CORNER OF CALLE PIEDAD AND RECONQUISTA.

Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted—of obtaining Loans upon Negociable Securities, of Depositing Bills Coupons, etc., for Collection—subject to a conventional Commission.

The Bank receives deposits either at sight, or fixed periods, or at thirty days' notice of withdrawal, Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in Rates, by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.

Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, &c, the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office.

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And all the principal Towns of
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AND OF

GERMANY	BELGIUM
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ALSO ON

AFRICA	PORTUGAL
AUSTRALIA	SWITZERLAND
BRAZIL	UNITED STATES
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CHILE.	

JOHN TODD
Manager

London & R. Plate Bank
(LIMITED)
CALLE DE LA PIEDAD
(Corner of Calle de la Reconquista)

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Account current.....	3 o/o.
30 days notice.....	3½ o/o.
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For Discounts conventional according to circumstances.

On debit balances in account current..... } 10 p. cent

Buenos Ayres, January 20, 1885.
JOHN TODD
Manager

Bank of Ireland
DUBLIN

Bills of Exchange on the above Bank, and all its Branches, issued by the undersigned. Advances made on Produce.

EDWARD CASEY
80—Reconquista—80

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AUTHORIZED CAPITAL
£ 1,000,000 stg.
Issued and Subscribed Capital
£ 500,000 stg.
LONDON
Head Office
61 Moorgate Street E. C.

TRUSTEES
Hon. Sidney Herbert, M.P.
John Fair Esq.
Frank Parish Esq.

DIRECTORS.
John Morris Esq., Chairman.
Edward Ashworth Esq.
A. J. Fitz Hugh Esq.
C. J. Gunther Esq.
John Taylor Esq.
W. Wilson Esq.

STANDING COUNSEL
E. M. Underdown Esq.

BANKERS
London and County Banking Company Limited, 21 Lombard Street E.C. and Branches.

Consulting Agent in Buenos Aires—
Reginald J. Neild, Esq.

This Company is prepared to make Cash advances on approved Mortgages of real estate for periods to suit the Borrowers, also to entertain proposals for Trust, Loan and Agency business generally of an undoubted character.

For further particulars apply at Office
36—CALLE SAN MARTIN—36
[FIRST FLOOR]
Buenos Aires
H. ALFRED C. COX,
Manager.

BANCO
DE
Italia y Rio de la Plata.

Con arreglo al art. 24 de los Estatutos, el Directorio ha resuelto convocar para el dia 21 del corriente, a las 4 p m., en el local del Establecimiento, la Asamblea general ordinaria de accionistas con el objeto de tratar la siguiente orden del dia:

1° Informe del Directorio.
2° Balance general del 1° semestre 1885.
3° Dividendo activo.
4° Eleccion de cuatro consejeros.

Se recuerda a los señores accionistas que para tener derecho de asistencia y voto, tienen que efectuar el deposito de acciones a tenor de los art. 20 y 32 de los Estatutos.

Buenos Aires, 10 de Julio de 1885.
EL SECRETARIO.

72 jy11 21

Concurso del Banco Argentino.

The creditors of the above Bank can apply Calle Venezuela No. 196 from 8 to 10 a.m., to receive the first dividend.

Buenos Ayres, July 10, 1885.
65 y 1o 21

Famatina Gold and Silver Mines.

The owner of several of the richest Mines in Famatina, would like to come to terms with capitalists, for the working of some of said Mines.

For further particulars apply to
Federico Benelishe,
120 Calle Piedad.
e 98 j13 a13

CO-OPERATIVE Stores Society
31—Buen Orden—31
Subscription of Shares.

The Committee has resolved that all new shareholders from the 15th June will only be intitled to dividend from the month in which they join the Society; this is provided the general meeting decide to give dividend for the first year.

Application for shares must be made at the Store.

Price list sent post free.
31—Buen Orden—31.
e 93 j13 a1

The English Bank of the River Plate.
LIMTD.
BUENOS AIRES
71 to 77
CALLE RECONQUISTA
ROSARIO
Corner of Calles
PUERTO AND CORDOBA
MONTEVIDEO
117—Calle Misiones—117

Authorized Capital £1,500,000
Subscribed do 1,000,000

BANKERS IN LONDON
Messrs Glyn Mills Currie & Co.

Commercial and other Current Accounts opened.

Deposits received at sight and for Fixed period.

Bills Discounted, Negotiated, or collected.

Advances made, upon Approved Securities.

Letters of Credit issued on London, the Continent, the United States and Brazil for Commercial and Travelling purposes.

Bills of Exchange issued and purchased on the following places—

London and the principal towns in England, Scotland, and Ireland.
Paris
Bordeaux
Antwerp
Genoa, and other places in Italy
Spain
Switzerland
The United States
Montevideo
Rio Janeiro, and other places in Brazil

Transfers of Funds to or from this Country and the Continent can be effected by telegram or otherwise, through the medium of the Banks' Chief Office at,

No. 8 Old Jewry, London E.C.

Also, every description of Banking business transacted on liberal terms.

The following rates of Interest will be allowed and charged by the Bank, until further advice.

ALLOWED

Credit Balances in Current Account and Deposits at Call..	3 o/o p. ann.
Deposits at 30 days notice....	4 do
Fixed Deposits at 60 days....	4 do
Do 90 days....	5 do
Do 6 months..	5½ do

CHARGED

Overdrafts in Current Account	10 o/o p. ann.

Discount according to arrangement.

T. H. JONES.
Manager.

B. Aires, July 3rd, 1885.

Banco de Italia
Y
Rio de la Plata
84—CALLE de la PIEDAD—96

Capital efectivo en oro..... $1,550,000 m/n.
Fondo de reserva..... 211,600
Desde esta fecha hasta nueva resolucion regiran los siguientes tipos de interes:

SE ABONA

En cuenta corriente y a la vista..	3 o/o anual
A plazo fijo de 30 dias.....	4 "
A plazo fijo de 60 a 90 dias.....	5 "

SE COBRA

Por adelantos en cuenta corriente 10 o/o anual
Por descuento de letras, pagares y otros documentos..... Convencional

Cartas de Credito

Se emiten sobre Londres, Paris, Burdeos, Marsella, Amberes, Hamburgo y todas las principales ciudades de ITALIA y SUIZA, tanto para comodidad de los viageros como para la compra de mercaderias, no cobrandose comision sino sobre las sumas de que se haga uso.

Letras de Cambio se giran sobre—

Londres, Paris, Burdeos, Marsella, Amberes, Hamburgo y todas las principales ciudades de ITALIA, SUIZA y AUSTRO-HUNGARIA, como asi sobre Valparaiso, Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Rio Grande, Montevideo, Rosario de Santa Fé, Cordoba, Rio Cuarto y Villa Maria.

Ordenes postales de pago

Se emiten sobre todos los puntos de las provincias meridionales de Italia donde existe oficina de correos.

Horas de despacho:
Desde las 10 de la mañana hasta las 4 de la tarde, y los Sabados hasta las 5.

Buenos Aires, 1° de Junio, 1885.
ONORIO STOPPANI,
Gerente

Compania Hamburgo-Magdaburguese.

Seguros Contra Incendio en Hamburgo
Compa. The Netherlands
Seguros contra Incendio en Zutphen, Holanda
Comisario de averias de los Seguros Maritimos de

Amberes	Havre
Amsterdam	Lyon
Basilea	Madrid
Bremen	Magdeburgo
Berlin	Mannheim
Buda-Pest	Marsella
Burdeos	Neufchatel
Dusseldorf	Paris
Dresde	Rotterdam
Elberfeld	Stockholm
Frankfurt s/m.	Trieste
St. Gallo	Venezia
Genova	Viena
Hamburgo	Zürich
Heilbron	Etc, etc.

Para mas informes ocurrir a la Agencia General
Calle Reconquista 51, (altos)
J. DE BOER
Agente General
214 m27 xp

THE
PHENIX
FIRE OFFICE
Established 1782.
AGENT
F. L. HUMPHREYS
31—Piedras—31.
c200 s19 xp

COMPANIAS
Nacionales de Seguros
FLORIDA 128, (altos)
Seguros maritimos y contra incendios
LA ESTRELLA
(Fundada el ano 1865.)
Y la Segunda Argentina
(Fundada el ano 1877)

Aseguran mercaderias y edificios contra incendios, y efectos para los rios y puntos de ultramar contra riesgos maritimos, ya sea en oro o en billetes de curso legal, a premios modicos y en condiciones liberales de polizas.

Seguros maritimos sobre buques a vela, para la navegacion fluvial de 4 p%. anual.

SEGUROS SOBRE LA VIDA
Inversion de capitales en Fondos Publicos Nacionales ó Cedulas Hipotecarias
La Bienhechora del Plata
(Fundada el ano 1864)
El Director General
D. Francisco F. Moreno
e 103 j13 xp

IMPERIAL
Fire Assurance Comp.
IN LONDON
Established 1800
Capital £1,600,000 sterling
Agents for the River Plate
Mantels & Pfeiffer
Risks taken at moderate rates, and losses settled here without reference to the Head Office in London.
e61 ey

LONDON
AND
LANCASHIRE
FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL £1,000,000.
AGENTS IN THE RIVER PLATE
MOORE & TUDOR
95—CALLE MAYPU—95
Buenos Ayres.

Fire Risks taken at moderate rates and losses promptly settled here, full and complete powers having been conferred on the agents

Banco Nacional
93—Reconquista—93

Horas de oficina: De 10 a. m. a 4 p. m. y los Sabados hasta las 5 p. m.

Desde la fecha y hasta nuevo aviso la tasa de interes sera como sigue:—

ABONA

Sobre Depositos á la vista hasta 200000 $m/n.....	3 o/o.
" " á la vista de 200,000 á 500,000 $m/n...	2 o/o.
" " á la vista de 500,000 $m/n. arriba....	1½ o/o.
" " á 90 dias fijos.....	5 o/o.
" " en caja de ahorros despues de 30 dias..	6 o/o.

COBRA

Por descuento de Pagarés de comercio y de Letras de pago integro ó cuya amortizacion no baje, en ningun caso, de 25 o/o trimestral.....	7 o/o
Por descuento de Letras con amortizacion menos de 25 o/o.....	8 o/o
Por adelantos en cuenta corriente....	9 o/o

Buenos Aires, Abril 1°, 1884.
M. A. MAXWELL
Secretario.

Banco Carabassa & Cia.
CALLE PIEDAD
Esquina Reconquista.

Desde esta fecha hasta nuevo aviso la tasa de interes sera como sigue:—

Se paga	anual
Por depositos en cuenta corriente ó a la vista en moneda de curso legal	3 o/o
Id á plazo fijo de 30 dias Id Id	4 "
Id á plazo fijo de 60 a 90 dias Id	5 "
Id en cuenta corriente ó a la vista oro sellado.....	—
Id id a plazo de 30 dias Id.....	—
Id id id 60 y 90 dias Id.....	—
Id á otros plazos.....	Convencional

Se cobra

Por adelanto en cuenta corriente en moneda de curso legal.....	—
Id id en oro sellado.....	—

Descuento de pagarés y letras será Convencional

Letras de Cambio

Se dan sobre:—

ESPAÑA 850 pueblos; GRAN BRETAÑA 40 pueblos; Holanda, Bélgica, ALEMANIA, Rusia Turquia, Dinamarca, Suecia y Noruega, Rumania, Austria, Lisboa, Oporto: ITALIA pagadero en 250; y SUIZA en 70 pueblos; Estados Unidos, Canada, Brazil, Montevideo.

Cartas de Credito

Se dan sobre los principales Ciudades de Europa, tanto para viajeros, como para compra de mercaderias, no cobrandose comision sino sobre las cantidades de que se haga uso.

Horas de despacho
10 a.m. á 4 p.m. y los Sabados hasta 5 p.m.
Buenos Aires, Abril 1, 1885.

Northern Assurance Company
OF
London and Aberdeen.
Capital £3,000,000

We, the undersigned, have to announce that we are duly appointed Agents for this Company, with authority to grant Life and Fire Insurances at current rates of Premium.

Forms, copies of the Company's Annual Report, and full particulars may be obtained upon application.

Th. Bracht & Co.
102——Calle Cangallo——102
e 171 a21 jy21

Marine Insurance
The Union Marine Insurance Comp. Limited
LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
CAPITAL £812,800

The Undersigned having been named Agents are authorized to Accept Sea and River risks.

BATES STOKES & Co.
79 MAIPU, BUENOS AIRES

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

Resources of the Company as at 31st December 1884.

Authorized Capital.....	£ 3,000,000
Subscribed Capital.....	2,500,000
Paid-up Capital.....	625,000
II. Fire Fund—	
Reserve.....	£1,170,000
Premium Reserves.....	371,356
Balance of Profit and Loss Account.....	55,939
	£1,597,295
III. Life Fund—	
Accumulated Fund of the Life Branch.....	£3,458,595
Do. Annuity Branch.....	536,066
	£3,994,661
IV. Revenue for the year 1884—	
Fire Branch-Premiums and Interest.....	£1,201,068
Life and Annuity Branches-Premium and Interest.....	517,394
	£1,718,462

AGENTS
BATES STOKES & CO.
79—Maipu—79

The London Assurance
Compania de Seguros
CONTRA PERDIDAS O AVERIAS POR INCENDIOS
Y SOBRE LA VIDA
ESTABLECIDA EN LONDRES
Autorizada por Patente Real EN 1720
Capital General de Reserva
$ 16,000,000
Agentes en Buenos Aires
MOLLER & Co.
86—Corrientes—86

Los Agentes en Buenos Aires tienen pleno poder para firmar Polizas y pagar reclamos sin necesidad de referirse a la oficina Central en Europa.

The Commercial Union Assurance Company
LONDON
Offices: 19 and 20 CORNHILL
LONDON, E.C.
CAPITAL £2,500,000 sterling
General Agents
In the Argentine Republic
FOR
FIRE BRANCHE
ADOLFO HOPMANN & Co.
193—Piedad—193

Risks are taken at moderate Rates, and losses settled here without reference to London

Liverpool and London and Globe
Fire Insurance Company
ESTABLISHED IN 1836
Gen. Reserve Fund £1,500,000
Agents for the River Plate
R. & J. CARLISLE & Co.
149—Rivadavia—149

The Agents have full powers to settle all losses here at once
x168 j11 xp

THE
London and Provincial Fire Insur. Company.
(LIMITED)
Subscribed Capital £1,000,000
General Agents in the Argent. Republic
Green & Johnson
34 Cangallo 34

Bankers—The English Bank of the River Plate, Buenos Aires.

Fire Risks taken at moderate Rates. The Agents have full powers to sign Policies and to settle losses without previous reference to the Head Office in London.
21 j3 xp

James T. Ramsay,
Wool and Produce Broker,
CONSIGNATARIO
DE FRUTOS DEL PAIS
151—ALSINA—151

David Methven (hijo)
Consignatario
De Frutos del Pais
151—ALSINA—151

Banco de la Provincia de Buenos Aires.

Recibe depositos voluntarios que no bajen de $10 m/n.

Estos depósitos ganaran interes si permanecen 60 dias; pasados estos, se les abonó el interes desde el dia de su entrada.

Los intereses se pagan en los primeros dias del mes ó en el momento de retirar los depositos, y los no cobrados durante el año se capitalizan concluido el deposito.

Todo depósito ó premio se inscribe en una libreta que el Banco entrega al depositante, en la cual consta ademas las salidas por paga de intereses; no entregándose ninguno sinó en vista de la libreta respectiva.

Recibe depósitos comerciales disponibles en todo momento, como los anteriores.

Descuenta tres veces en la semana, Lunes, Miercoles y Viernes, letras con firmas abonadas á plazo de 90 dias, lo mismo que pagarés de comercio desde 7 dias hasta 6 meses, con la condicion de ser abonados intégros á su vencimiento.

Dá libramientos á tres dias vista sobre las Sucursales de La Plata, San Nicolas, Dolores, Chivilcoy, Mercedes, Lobos, Saito, Azul, Baradero, Chascomus, Tandil. 25 de Mayo, Lujan, San Pedro, Pergamino, Las Flores, Bahia Blanca, Ayacucho, Bragado, Arrecifes, Giles, Olavarria, Saladillo, Ranchos, Rojas, Magdalena, Balcarce, Patagones, Chacabuco, Alvear, San Antonio de Areco, Lincoln, Mar del Plata, Barracas al Sud y sobre las Agencias de Belgrano y San José de Flores.

Las Sucursales dan cheques contra la casa central al portador nominales y cruzados.

El Banco abona comision á los corredores en la primera introduccion de las letras y pagarés al descuento.

Abona
Depósitos comerciales..... 3 o/o
Id particulares á premio.... 6 id

Cobra
Descuentos de letras y pagares. 8 o/o

Dá letras de cambio á la vista, tres y noventa dias vista sobre:
Londres—á cargo de Baring Brothers & Co, Bank of England.
Paris—á cargo de Comptoir d'Escompte, Crédit Lyonnais, Marcuard Skraus y Co.
Amberes—á cargo H Albert de Bary y Co.
Génova—á cargo de Bartolomeo Parodi é Fratelli, Fratelli Bingen, Baxca Generale.
Milan—á cargo de Banca Generale, Banca Subalpina é di Milano.
Burdeos—á cargo de Soula de Frincaud La Vour & Co.
Marsella—á cargo de Societé Marsellaise de Crédit Industriel et Comercial et Depôts.
Hamburgo—á cargo de Joh. Berenberg Gossler & Co.
Berlin—á cargo de Deutsche Bank.

Y sobre los siguientes pueblos de Italia:—Abbiategrasso, Acquapendente, Acqui, Albano, Laziale, Alessandria, Alghero, Ancona, Anzio, Aosta, Appiano, Aquila, Arezzo, Argegno, Ariano Puglia, Arienzo, Arona, Arziquano, Ascoli Piceno, Asiago, Asola, Asolo, Assiri, Asso, Atina, Avello, Avellino, Avezzano, Avigliano (Basilicata), Bari, Barisciano, Barletta, Basano Vicentino, Barzano, Bellagio, Belluno, Bellinzona, Belluno, Benevento, Bergamo, Biella, Bisceglie, Bitouto, Boloqua, Bordighera, Borgo Collefegato, Borgomanero, Borgo San Dounino, Borgosesia, Bosa, Bozzolo, Bra, Breno, Brescio, Brindisi, Broni, Busto Arrizio, Cagliari, Caltagirone, Caltanisetta, Camogli, Campiglia Cervo, Campobasso, Canelli, Canti, Capestrano, Carloforte, Carrara, Casalmaggiore Casale Monferrato, Castelfranco Veneto, Castellamre Adriatico, Castellazzo Bormida, Castel San Giovanni, Castel Vecchio Subequo, Castigliane Delle Stiuiere, Catania Catanzaro, Cecano, Celano, Ceneda, Cesena, Cermenate, Chinri, Chiasso, Chiavari, Chiavenna, Chieri, Chioggia, Chivasco, Cittadella, Civitellarovato, Codagno, Como, Conegliano, Coralo, Cari, Coriano, Corneto Varquinia, Corregio Emilia, Cortemaggiore, Corte Olona, Cortona, Cosenza, Crema, Cremis, Cremona, Descenzano sul Lago, Doglioni, Domaso, Domodossola, Donzo, Edolo, Esie, Faenza, Fano, Feltre, Fermo, Ferrara, Fiamiquano, Fiorenzuola D'Arda, Firenze, Fiume, Faggia, Foligno, Fondi, Forli Frsano, Fossombrone, Frascati, Frosinone, Gallarate, Garlasco, Gavi, Genova, Ginja dei Marzi, Girgenti, Giulanova, Gravedona, Gravina di Puglia, Guartalla, Jesi, Iglesias, Zuola Zutra, Jseo, Jorea, Lauciano, Lanusei, Lavello, Lecce, Lecco, Legnago, Leonesea, Livorno, Locarno, Lodi, Lonato, Lonigo, Lorero, Lucca, Lucera, Lugano, Lugo, Luino, Maccrata, Macomer, Magenta Mantova, Massa Masseronn, Mede, Meldola, Meleguano, Melzo Menaggio, Mendrisio, Merate, Messina, Mestre Milano, Minervino Murge, Modena, Molfetta, Moliterno Mondovi, Monopoli, Montagnana, Montefiascone, Montesanchi, Montebelluna, Montelcone di Calabria, Montechiari, Monza, Morbegno, Mortara, Mosso Santa Maria, Motta di Livenza, Napoli, Narni, Nazzano, Nepi, Nereto, Nerola, Nizza Monferrato, Novara, Novi Ligure, Nuoro, Oderzo, Olginte, Oleggio Omegna, Orlona a Mare, Orvieto, Ostiano, Oneglia, Oristan, Ovara, Ozieri, Padova, Palermo, Pallano, Pallanza, Palazzolo Sull'agio Parmas, Pavia, Perugia, Pesaro, Pescara, Pescia, Pescina, Piacenza, Piadena, Pieve di Cadore, Pieve di Lougo, Pinerolo, Pisa, Pistoia, Pizzoli, Poji, Poggibousi, Pontedera, Pontremoli, Pordenane, Porlezza, Portamaggiore, Porto Maurizio, Potenza, Prato, Procida, Ravenne, Recco, Reggio Calabria, Reggio Emilia, Rieti, Rimini, Ricnero in Volture, Robbio (Lomellina), Rocca Sinibalda, Roma, Rongigliane, Rovigo, Salerno, Salo, Saludecio, San Benedet

REMATES
POR
ADOLFO
BULLRICH
& CIA.

Carneros
" Negrete Argentino "
De la Cabaña
"El Rosario"
De los Señores
Francisco Chas e hijos.

Participamos a los Señores Estancieros, que el dia 24 de Setiembre proximo tendra lugar el único remate que daran los Señores Chas este año de los productos de su famosa cabaña y les anticipamos: que los animales que venderemos dicho dia, seran tan sobresalientes que levantaran, si es posible el justo credito que tienen adquirido los 'Negrete Argentino' (sangre pura original Negrete) de la Cabaña 'El Rosario.'

Adolfo Bullrich y Cia.
78—ALSINA—78
e 56 j8 xp

POR LOS MISMOS
Carneros
Rambouillet Argentinos
De la Cabaña
LAS ACACIAS
Propiedad de los Señores
Eduardo Olivera Hnos.

El primer remate de los afamados carneros procedentes de la cabaña 'Las Acacias' está fijado para el Martes 4 de Agosto lo que ponemos en conocimiento de los señores Criadores y Estancieros. Creemos inutil dar mas detalles sobre esta afamada cria, formada por los Sres. Olivera y que con justicia han denominado con el nombre de
Rambouillet Argentino.

El primer lote estara en nuestra casa Alsina 78 el 30 de Julio, para que la puedan examinar las interesados.

Adolfo Bullrich y Cia,
e 78 j11 xp

POR LOS MISMOS
TERCER
COLOSAL
REMATE
DE
TIERRAS
200
LEGUAS
CUADRADAS
Valiosisimos Terrenos
De inmejorable calidad
Por liquidacion de un sindicato
Con condiciones
ventajosas
SIN BASE
NI LIMITACION
Campos en el Sauce Grande
Campos en la seccion 1ª en Gainza.
Campos en la Provincia de Santa Fe
Campos en la Provincia de Cordoba.
Campos nacionales en varias secciones y varias otras partes
El Viernes 31 de Julio
A las 2 p.m.
En nuestra casa
78—ALSINA—78

Llamamos la atencion de los compradores de tierras sobre los campos que remataremos el dia arriba indicado teniendo presente que cualquiera de los lotes esta en muchas mejores condiciones, tanto por su situacion calidad de sus pastos, topografia y precio, que los que acaban de venderse en el triangulo del Limay y Nauquen que estamos seguros, ninguno de los comqradores habra inspeccionado ni ira a verlos, mientras que cualquiers de los lotes que abajo enumeramos pueden ir a verlos con toda comodidad antes del dia del remate.

Los campos que ofrecemos son:

7 1/2 leguas de los famosos campos superiores sobre el Sauce Grande, a 6 leguas mas o menos del gran puerto de Bahia Blanca, marcado en el plano de Meinecke con los nombres J. A. Ocantos, Rivarola, Varela y Arce, hoy otros propietarios.

7 leguas campos nacionales en la seccion V. Nos. 4 5 y 8, letra A, campo de primer orden.

24 leguas en la provincia de Cordoba, departamento del Rio Seco en lotes de 4 leguas cuadradas Ns. 21, 22, 24, 25, 30 y 34, a solo 20 leguas de la colonia Sunchales, donde va el ferro-carril de Marrieta y Ca.

5 1/3 leguas excelentes campos por Gainza, seccion Iª letra A Nos 21 y 27, con el ferro-carril Trasandino a la mano y rodeados de grandes establecimientos.

18 1/2 leguas en Cordoba, departamento de la Union, sobre el ferro-carril de Clark, Nros. 39, 40, 41, 42 y 58, (Portezuelo), campode primer orden, lindando con Funes, Olmos y otros, cuyos campos estan cercados, quedan entre Villa Carlota y una estacion del ferro-carril de Clark, es decir en la parte de esa provincia, lindera con la de Buenos Aires.

29 leguas campos nacionales seccion IX letra A Nros 23 y 24, N 2 mitad del 3, letra D, N 4, quedan a corta distancia del pueblo General Acha, donde se venden a 10,000 ps m/n legua. Seccion III lotes Nror 20 la mitad Norte o sean 1 leguas y dos legua Norte del N 19. Seccion IX mitad del lote 2I letra D. Seccion 10 letra B 2 leguas la parte Sud del num 23. Seccion 6º lote num 6 letra A.

3/4 leguas provincia de Buenos Aires, a 4 leguas de Bahia Blanca, marcado en el plano Meincke con J Arce, lindando con J M Blanco, Chantini, Amado, Arocena, (hoy Ocantos) y otros. Esta actualmente poblado con ovejas.

2 1/4 leguas provincia de Cordoba, departamento San Justo, de pastos tiernos lote num 58 del plano de Cordoba y sobre la frontera Santa-Fé quedando frente a la colonia San Martin 10 leguas.

4 leguas kilometricas en Bahia Blanca, seccion 4, lote num 56, 2 leguas con obcion al todo.

50 leguas cuadradas sobre el Rio Alto Parana, departamento de la Candelaria y a 15 leguas de Posadas campo aparente para ganaderia una parte, y la otra parte con grandes montes de diferentes clases de maderas duras cruzadas por arroyos navegables y donde se encuentra el puerto del Yerbal lindando con el Sr Coronel Rudecindo Roca y con Jose Gregorio Lezama.

30 leguas de campo situadas al Norte y Nord-oeste de la Mar Chiquita es decir en el departamento de la Provincia de Cordoba lindero con la de Santa-Fé y por cuyas inmediaciones debe pasar el ferro-carril a los Sunchales en construccion y que llega ya a la colonia Lehmann.

El detalle de las 30 leguas es como sigue:

Lote num 13 fraccion D del departamento de Tulumba compuesto de 4 leguas.

Id No 5 del departamento de Rio Seco compuesto de 4 leguas.

Id No 5 id A id id id id 3 leguas 276 cs., 14,500 varas.

Id No 6 id A id id id id 3 id 196 cs. 3827 id

Id id 7 id A id id id id 3 id 327 id 16,500 id

Id id 12 id A id id id id 3 id 1537 cuadras.

8 leguas kilometricas en la seccion IV, lotes Nos 6 y 20, letra D, campos excelentes y rodeados de importantes establecimientos rurales.

4 leguas kilometricas, seccion 1a, de los terrenos devueltos por la Nacion a la Provincia de Cordoba—quedan a pocas leguas del Ferro Carril Trasandino.

1 legua 331 cuadras y 6515 varas cuadradas Provincia de Cordoba, departamento de San Justo, Serie A, lote 4.

4 leguas kilometricas en Lincoln, pobladas, rodeadas de grandes establecimientos hechos: marcados en el plano de Meincke con el nombre de O Berker.

Las condiciones para la venta seran muy muy ventajosas y a plazos comodas.

Planos y detalles se rrpartiran en folletos, en nuestra casa Alsina 78.

42 jy 7 31

POR LOS MISMOS
De 20 sobresalientes
CARNEROS
Rambouillet
SANGRE PURA
Procedentes de la cabaña
Nuestra Senora del Pilar
De la Propiedad del Señor Don
BENJAMIN NAZAR
En nuestra casa
78—ALSINA—78
El Miercoles 5 de Agosto 1885
A las 2 de la tarde

Remataremos a la mas alta postura 20 carneros Rambouillet sangre pura, de buen producto, de 15 a 17 meses de edad, numerados del 21 a 40 de formas proporcionadas, tamaño y tipo normal de la raza pura Rambouillet, de lana tupida, buen rizo, larga, fina y completa igualdad en todo el vellon.

Las lanas procedentes de la cabaña Pilar son apreciadas por los exportadores como extras y obtienen siempre el precio mas alto de la plaza.

Cuatro dias antes del remate estaran en exhibicion en nuestra casa Alsina 78.

9o j13 a5

POR LOS MISMOS
De un perfecto y completo
Establecimiento
RURAL
En el Partido
DE
LINCOLN
COMPUESTO

De 8177 hectareas ó sean mas de 3 leguas de riquisimo campo, con muy buenas aguadas todas dulces, todo bien alambrado con alambre patente, y dividido en 4 grandes ensenadas mas otras pequeñas, grandes potreros y corrales, poblaciones, puestos todos de primer orden, de material y bien arreglados, alfalfares, etc., rodeado de los grandes Establecimientos de los Sres. Duggan, Videla, Lopez y Ca., Arenaza y Salana y á solo 3 á 4 leguas del pueblo

LINCOLN

donde pronto llegara el Ferro Carril del Oeste que sigue de Junin

Maquinas de tirar agua, arados, útiles, etc. Hacienda vacuna, lanar y yeguariza.

El Lunes 3 de Agosto 1885
A las 2 de la tarde
EN NUESTRA CASA
78—ALSINA—78

Remataremos a la mas alta postura y condiciones que se estipularan en el acto del remate por orden terminante de su dueño y liquidacion de negocio el establecimiento arriba indicado. e 110 j15 a3

NOTA—El campo reconoce una hipoteca de 24,000$ m/n de la Serie E con cual podra seguir el comprador al precio de plaza.

OTRO Detalles, pormenores minuciosos con sus correspondientes planos se reparten en folletos en nuestra casa Alsina 78,

POR LOS MISMOS
En San Jose de Flores
23 preciosos
Lotes de Terreno
Un lote con gran edificio
DISTANTE
Dos cuadras de la Plaza Principal
Con frente a la Calle Real
MACADAMIZADA
Y ENTRE LAS CALLES
Buenos Aires, Chacabuco y Alsina
SIN BASE
El Domingo 2 de Agosto
A las 2 p.m.

Remataremos a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado por cuenta y orden de su propietario, la manzana de terreno indicada en el pintoresco pueblo de San Jose de Flores, dividida en lotes, a saber:

Sobre la calle Real o Rivadavia

Lote No. 23, esquina a la calle Chacabuco, con 21 vs. 10 centimetros de frente a la primera y 50 vs. 82 centimetros de fondo y frente a la segunda casa, con un gran edificio de 10 habitaciones, cocina, letrina quinta, etc, etc

Lote No. 1—8 vs y 55 centimetros de frente por 50 vs 15 centimetros de fondo, contigua al anterior.

Lote No. 2 y 3—9 vs 50 centimetros de frente por 50 vs de fondo cada uno.

Lote No. 4—9 vs 50 centimetros de frente por 50 id id frente a la Calle Alsina.

Sobre la Calle Alsina

Lote No. 5 al 9—10 vs de frente por 28½ varas de fondo cada lote.

Sobre la Calle Buenos Aires.

Lote No. 10—Esquina Alsina, 15½ varas de frente a la primera por 44 vs 45 centimetros de fondo y frente a la segunda.

11 1/19—15 vs. de frente por 44 vs 45 cents. de fondo cada lote.

Sobre la Calle Chacabuco

20/22—10 vs de frente por 29 vs de fondo cada lote.

Este terreno queda a 2 cuadras de la Plaza principal de Flores, con frente a la calle Real y Tramway, es uno de las mas lindas localidades de Flores y muy poblado.

En el mismo centro de la manzana que se reserva el propietario, se va a construir un elegante chalet con parque alrededor lo que aumentara el valor de este propiedad.

Titulos Garantidos—Por planos y pormenores Alsina 78.

91 j13 a2

POR LOS MISMOS
Un esplendido Lote
DE
CARNEROS
Y
Ovejas
Sangre pura Rambouillet
Del Sr. E. Spalding
En Gloedenhof
(POMMERANIA)
Venidos a la consignacion de los Srs Arning y Hutz
En nuestra casa
78—ALSINA—78
El Jueves 23 de Julio
A las 2 p.m.

Remataremos a la mas alta postura y dinero de contado por cuenta y orden de los Sres. Arning y Hutz y por cuenta del Sr. Don E Spalding y procedente de su cabaña en Gloedenhof cerca de Ranzin (Pommerania).

16 carneros y 12 ovejas Rambouillet sangre pura, criados y nacidos en la cabaña de dicho señor, cuya formacion data desde 60 años atras y cuya base fueron carneros y ovejas importados directamente de Francia de las cabañas mas afamadas, siguiendose sin interrupcion las cruzas con sangre Rambouillet del mas puro.

Los animales son todos de dos años de edad, de gran tamaño; forma y tipos perfectos unidos a un vellon de lana sedosa, abundante y larga.

Cada animal tiene su correspondiente certificado de origen y pueden examinarse desde ya en nuestra casa Alsina 78.

e129 j17 23

POR LOS MISMOS
Por el Vapor Dom Pedro
Acaba de llegar
15 Notables
CARNEROS
Del mas puro
Origen Rambouillet
Procedentes de la renombrada cabaña
THIROUIN-SORREAU
En Therville (antes Macherie)
Y a la consignacion de los Sres Joaquin Belgrano y Cia.
QUE SE REMATARAN
En nuestra casa
78—ALSINA—78
El Jueves 23 del corriente
A las 2 p,m.

La justa fama de que goza esta cabaña en el mundo entero, nos excusa dar detalle sobre los productos de ella, pues son innumerables los criadores que han adquirido carneros padres procedentes alli y que pueden atestiguar con los productos la excelencia de ellos.

Damos unicamente aqui la enumeracion de los animales.

Numeros—10, 48, 61, 68, 91, 101, 139, 181, 202, 206, 213, 261, 264, 265, 322.

Estos carneros pueden examinarse en nuestra casa, Alsina 78, desde el Sabado 18 del corriente. e130 j17 23

For Sale!
(0)
Tallaferro y Sanchez
51-San Martin-51
WILL
RECEIVE
20 Rams
AND
8 EWES
ALL
Special Animals
FROM THE
MOST RENOWNPD
GERMAN
SHEEP FARMS
Which have come to the consignment of the cabaña
RIVADAVIA

3 rams, Kayser-Haubitz, Saxony.
2 " Baronet Tschammer, Dromsdorf, Silesia.
2 " Baronet Sesse, Ottorowe, Polonia.
1 " Baronet Heimendahl, Steenkondorf, Prussia.
2 " Count Barth, Lubocz, Polonia.
2 " Knight von der Planitz, Naumdorf, Saxony.
2 " Count Schwerin-Rohde, Gross Dabernoon, Mecklenburg.
1 " R. Muller Esq., Hohenlandin Ukraine.
1 " T. Henning Esq., Strohwalde, Prov. Saxony, Prussia.
2 " Knight von Below, Jargelin, Mecklenburg.
2 " Robert Gadegast Esq., Thal-Oschatz, Saxony.
8 ewes, Knight von Below, Jargelin, and Frederic Schmidt Esq., Brechen Mecklenburg. 138 jy 17 xp

REMATE
POR
Tallaferro y Sanchez
30 CARNEROS LINCOLN
Animales
De 2 años de edad
Productos de la
ESTANCIA GRANDE
Del Sr. D. Jorge Bell
Direccion — Empalme Pereyra ramal a La Plata ó Venezuela 362
Seran Vendidos
En nuestra casa
51—SAN MARTIN—51
El Jueves 6 de Agosto 1885
A las 2 p.m.
e 62 j7 a5

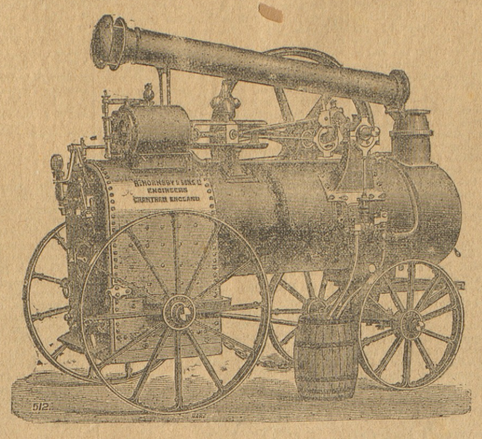
POR LOS MISMOS
A los Sres. Hacendados
LA CABANA
Bernardino Rivadavia
Presenta otro Lote
DE
20 CARNEROS
Y
8 OVEJAS
IMPORTADAS
En Exposicion y Venta
Procedentes de las conocidas
CABAÑAS ALEMANAS
Kaiser-Neukirchen
Ischammer-Gromsdorf
Muller-Hohenlandin
Heine Strohwalde
Sasse-Ottorow
von Below-Jargelin
von Planitz Naundorf Lubosz
Sten Rendorf-Grops Daberkow.
Animales de lana fina y pesada.

Todos ellos han sido elegidos y conducidos por el señor Fernando Brunkhorst, propietario de la cabaña indicada.

73 j11 kp

POR LOS MISMOS
20
MAGNIFICOS
CARNEROS
Rambouillet
Acreditados productos de la Gran Cabaña
Bernardino Rivadavia
Propiedad del Sr. Don
Fernando Brunkhorst,
Dirigido por el Sr.
Don Enrique Meyer
Los Carneros
Son notables por su belleza
CRIA
'Kayser' 'Haubitz'
Buen tipo y tamaño
Lana fina y abundante
15 meses de edad
Deben verlos los Sres.
HACENDADOS
Son animales jovenes, hermoses y fuertes
Cubiertos de lana de mucho caracter
ALERTA!
Venta al mejor precio y al contado

M. Forrester & Co.
FLORIDA 97
IMPORTERS OF ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.



SPECIALITIES:
Engines of all classes and sizes, Extra Strong Thrashers, Reapers, Binders, Mowers, Ploughs, Harrows, Winnowers, Pumps, Saw Benches, etc.
Sole Agents for R. HORNSBY & SONS Ld.

En nuestra casa
51—SAN MARTIN—51
EL MARTES 21
de JULIO
A las 2 en punto p.m.

Venderemos al mejor precio y al contado el selectisimo lote de 20 Carneros Rambouillet a que nos referimos, nacidos en la Estancia Bernardino Rivadavia en Marcos Paz.

Los Sres. Cabañeros y Criadores Argentinos que tanto han elojiado siempre los Carneros y Ovejas de la Cabaña Bernardino Rivadavia, pueden esta vez como siempre apreciar que esa cabaña progresa y que merece la proteccion de todos pues importa anualmente grave cantidad de carneros y ovejas para cambiar de sangre y dar a sus productes la mayor belleza y la pureza y refinamento mas completo.

Quedan invitados los Cabañeros inteligentes para inspeccionar desde mañana en esta su casa el selecto lote a que nos referimos.

e 88 j11 21

REMATE
POR
Pedro Ebbeke y Ca.
DE
UNA GRAN
PROPIEDAD
Barraca con Prensa
A 50 vs. mas o menos
DEL RIACHUELO
ESQUINA
Defensa y Rosalia
(Antes Alzaga)
61 1/2 vs de frente al Norte
Sobre la Calle Rosalia 172
Con tramway a la puerta
124 vs de fte. al Este
SOBRE LA CALLE DEFENSA

Precisamente el parage destinado para una plaza

127½ vs. en el costado Oeste y 60½ vs de ancho en el fondo Sud, superficie mas o menos 7656 vs cuadradas.

Dentro de poco tiempo sera el punto mas valioso de todas las propiedades cerca del Riachuelo. Quedan pocos parajes en el municipio que se presten con mas ventaja para una especulacion lucrativa como este.

El Jueves 23 del corrte.
A las 3 de la tarde

Venderemos por orden de sus duenos la valiosisima propiedad arriba mencionada, tiene 5 espaciosos galpones, caballeriza para 25 caballos, magnifica prensa, algibe, pozo de balde, doce piezas como para habitaciones de familia, dependientes y servicio.

Base para la venta
32,000 ps. m/n.

La propiedad reconoce un gravamen al Banco Hipotecario de 25,000 ps. moneda nacional en Cedulas de la serie F con el cual podra seguir el comprador en caso de convenirle, asi que habria que desembolsar poco dinero para adquirir una valiosa finca como este

Titulos Perfectos.

Se puede inspeccionar la propiedad cualquier dia antes del remate y por mas datos a nuestra casa Calle Peru No. 80.

NOTA—Este remate que debia haberse efectuado el dia 7 del presente, se suspendio a causa del mal tiempo.

109 jy 15 23

POR LOS MISMOS
DE LEGITIMOS
Cigarros Habanos
Por orden y cuenta de los
Sres. Senillosa Hnos
y Romero
50000 CIGARROS
De las siguientes Marcas
Upman, Gener, Iñclan, Romeo y Julieta, A Carruncho. Sanchez y Cia y Rey del Mundo: se venderan al mejor precio en lotes al gusto de los compradores.

El Martes 28 de Julio
A la 1 de la tarde
En nuestra casa
CALLE PERU 80
e 117 j16 28

A Splendid Opportunity

For any person wishing to build a 'casa-quinta,' there is to be sold a large plot of ground, in Calle Jujuy between Venezuela and Mejico, comprising 34 yards front by 50 deep, a wall surrounding the whole plot. The property will be sold cheap, if the purchaser buys with the object of building a dwelling house, as the owner has reserved for himself a piece of land alongside to build on. Good neighbours being his principal object. Calle Jujuy is paved: there are aguas corriente on the premises, gas pipes in front. There are also some splendid fruit trees in the quinta, and the locality is pure and healthy. For particulars

E. NUTTALL
Calle Piedad No 130
126 jy 16 20

La Rustica
A house thoroughly trustworthy

Splendid assortment of all kinds of ladies' underclothing. Curtains with worked borders. Velvets, silk of deep red and black.

Prices defy competition
341—Piedad—341
In front of San Miguel and alongside La Gran China.
182 20o xp

L. Garrahan & Bros.
Wool and Produce Broker
2—CALLE ECUADOR—2
Corner of Rivadavia and Plaza Once de Setiembre
BARRACA DEL PLATA

En nuestra casa
51—SAN MARTIN—51
EL MARTES 21
de JULIO
A las 2 en punto p.m.

Venderemos al mejor precio y al contado el selectisimo lote de 20 Carneros Rambouillet a que nos referimos, nacidos en la Estancia Bernardino Rivadavia en Marcos Paz.

Los Sres. Cabañeros y Criadores Argentinos que tanto han elojiado siempre los Carneros y Ovejas de la Cabaña Bernardino Rivadavia, pueden esta vez como siempre apreciar que esa cabaña progresa y que merece la proteccion de todos pues importa anualmente grave cantidad de carneros y ovejas para cambiar de sangre y dar a sus productes la mayor belleza y la pureza y refinamento mas completo.

Quedan invitados los Cabañeros inteligentes para inspeccionar desde mañana en esta su casa el selecto lote a que nos referimos.

e 88 j11 21

REMATE
POR
Munoz Cabrera y Cia.
JUDICIAL
De Una Legua
DE
CAMPO
El Domingo 26 de Julio
En el pueblo de Junin
Hotel de D. Antonio Valente
(Plaza principal)
A la 1 p.m.

Segun el aviso publicado en los diarios "La Plata," "El Dia," y "La Prensa." Una legua de campo perteneciente a la sucession de Don Manuel Villarino, conocido por de D. Alejandro Perez de Villarino.

La Estacion Vedia del Ferro Carril Trasandino se encuentra a quince cuadras de este campo; estacion importantisima por su posicion con relacion a Lincoln, Lavalle, y Colonia Feodelina, por ser el punto esclusivo de comunicacion de estos tres centros de produccion, con los mercados de la capital de la Nacion y de la Provincia, Ferro Carril a San Nicolas etc.

El campo linda con los establecimientos del Dr Green, J y B Suarez, Santos, Martinez y Quinteros, y a 20 cuadras de San Carlos, del Sr Oostendorp, y los interesados que quieran ver el campo podran ir en un tren que sale cada dia de Junin a la estacion Vedia.

Este campo poblado de muchos años, y recargado haste hace años, con 2500 a 3000 cabezas de hacienda mayor, con 4000 ovejas, y un cultivo constante, de 40 a 50 cuadras anuales, se encuentra en condiciones escepcionales de refinamiento el grado de reproduciese espontaneamente, a cardo asnal, de castilla, trevol, flor morada, capique y muchos ricos pastos.

El establecimiento tiene una magnifica monte de acacia y sauce lo suficiente para alambrarlo 3 veces su area,

51 jy 8 25

Great Public
LAND-AUCTION
National Government Sale
LANDS
FOR THE
Million
Lands for Estancieros
Lands for Sheepfarmers
Lands for Colonists
Lands for Chacreros
Lands for Everyone
500
SQ. LEAGUES
IN THE VALLEYS
OF
NAUQUEN and LIMAY.

The following is the official notice of this Great Land Auction, which will bring buyers from Europe to invest:—

OFICINA CENTRAL DE TIERRAS Y COLONIAS—Remate de Tierras Nacionales—Con arreglo a la ley de 3 de Noviembre de 1882 y en virtud de lo dispuesto en el decreto de 27 de Marzo ppdo. se venderan en remate publico once secciones de terreno situadas en las confluencia de los rios Limay y Nauquen. La base para la venta sera de 500 pesos la legua. El precio de la tierra debera pagarse la 6ª parte al contado y el resto en cinco cuotas iguales, una al vencimiento de cada año. Las licitaciones tendran ugar los dias 1º al 21 de Julio proximo en la Oficina Central de Tierras y Colonias, establecida en la calle de Salta num. 8 esquina a Rivadavia. Para Planos y detalles, ocurrase a dicha repartician.—Buenos Aires, Abril 23 de 1885.—EL SECRETARIO.

The general topography of these lands is of the same nature. Without being exactly montainious, the camps are undulating and in some place present the aspect of plateaus where trees grow in profusion, and an abundant mountain grass ("pasto de las sierras") are everywhere to be seen in luxuriance. The valleys or hollows contain innumerable breaks which are a proof of the action of water at a very remote epoch; but these "quebradas" are now dry. However, the grasses and general vegetation seem to meet with no impediment to their growth anywhere. Towards the Nothwestern limit of the polygon slope measured there runs a long or "cañada" which comes to an end in the Arroyo Covunco. The cañada is abundantly watered and soft grasses such as the gramilla, trevol etc. grow in wild profusion.

The valleys along the River Nauquen and Limay are fertile although sandy and comprise small traces of flat lands. Nevertheless, there is a sufficient depth of humus to qualify the land for all agricultural purposes. Grasses grow in abundance especially in the "rinconadas" and in the innumerable islands which are to be found along the course of the river. There are also various classes of forest trees including sarsaparilla.

The valleys are fertile and with rich black earth suitable for agriculture. Along the Limay and on the islands there are forest of Sauce Colorado and Blanco which timber is very useful for building purposes, and it may be added that the Limay on its entire length is navigable for small steamers and vessels that can connect with the navigation of the Rio Negro.

John Chaplin
Importer & General Commission Agent
PAYSANDU
Banda Oriental
e 48 a6 xp

William White
Land, Live Stock and General Commission Agent
89—PIEDAD—89.
815 m16 xp

Ferro Carril del Norte

Desde el 1 de Mayo de 1885, inclusivo y hasta otro aviso, los Trenes saldran como sigue:

Dias de Trabajo solamente—

| ESTACIONES | | |

NOW ON SALE

Handbook of the River Plate

Edition for 1885.

The work is altogether new, containing 860 pages and several beautifully engraved maps.

Price 2$50 cents.

Purchasers sending 20 cents extra can have it forwarded by post to all parts of the Republic.

THEATRES

TEATRO COLON, Empresa Escalante & Cia.—Compañia Lirica Italiana.
Domingo 19 de Julio de 1885
AIDA
Grandiosa opera-baile en 4 actos del Mo. Verdi
A las 8½ en punto

POLITEAMA ARGENTINO—Empresa Gracchi, Representante A. Cattaneo—Gran Compañia Ecuestre Norte Americana.
ULTIMAS FUNCIONES
Domingo 19 de Julio—
DOS GRANDES FUNCIONES
2½ de la tarde — 8½ de la noche

TEATRO DE LA OPERA—Compagnie Masseni, Lyrique et Dramatique.
FUNCION TODAS LAS NOCHES
con la distinguida artista dramatica Marie Laure, y en la parte lyrica de la renombrada cantatriz Alice Reine.
Dimanche 19 Juillet
A 1 heure precise Matinée a moitie prix.
LE PETIT FAUST
Opera bufa en 3 actos
Le Soir—
LA FILLE DU TAMBOUR MAJOR
Opera comique en 3 actes
Entrée General $1.00 — A 8½

THEATRE DES VARIETES, Compagnie Masseni.
Dimanche 19 Juillet—
LE SUPPLICE D'UNE FEMME
Drame en 3 actes
CLARA SOLEIL
Comedie en 3 actes
Entrée Gen. 50 cts. — A 8½ precise

THEATRE DE GAITE, Skating Rink.
149 Esmeralda—Direction Joyeux & Co.
Dimanche 19 Juillet—
Grand Concert. La familia Seissel en sus sorprendentes Juegos Icarios. El pintor relampago por Alfred Leoni. Doble Trapecio. Ejercicios de equilibrio. Escalera encantada. Entree Gen. 40 cts. — A 8½ prec.

English Lit. Society

A Paper will be read at the Rooms of the Society on
Wednesday, July 22nd
BY
The Revd. J. W. Fleming B.D.
Subject:
"A Year in Mendoza."
The President (Professor Pressinger) will take the chair at 8.30 p.m.
j18 22

DEUTSCHE THEATER-VORSTELLUNG

Zum Besten
DES
Deutschen Huelfsvereins
DIENSTAG, 21. *JULY* 1885
ABENDS 8 UHR
Im Saale des französischen Clubs
Calle Lavalle 295,
Zur Aufführung kommen:
Der Salzdirector
Lustspiel in 3 Akten
Als Verlobte empfehlen sich
Lustspiel in 1 Aufzuge.
—o—
Eintritts-Karten à $2 sind in der Deutschen Buchhandlung, Calle Cangallo 115, zu haben.
DER VORSTAND
Des Deutschen Hülfsvereins.
e 105 j14 21

ANGLICAN CHURCH SERVICES—
July 19th
7th Sunday after Trinity
ST. JOHN'S CHURCH.
Holy Communion ..... 8 a.m.
Morning Prayer ..... 11 "
Evening Prayer ..... 7.30 p.m
TRINITY CHURCH (Lomas)
Evening Prayer ..... 3.45 p.m.
BARRACAS INSTITUTE
Evening Prayer ..... 5.45 p.m
American Church.
214—Calle Corrientes—214
Rev. T. H. STOCKTON,
Pastor.
Morning Service ..... 11 a.m.
Evening Service ..... 7 p.m.
All are invited.

Sociedad Fomento de Barracas al Norte.

Se previene a los Sres. accionistas que el dividendo de primer semestre de corriente año 6 sean $m/n 10 por accion se pagará desde el 20 hasta el 31 del corriente mes en el Escritorio del Tesorero Sr Don Alberto Meyer, (casa Th. Bruchi & Co) Cangallo 107, altos, de 2 a 4 de la tarde. 139 j17 26

BANCO
DE
Italia y Rio de la Plata.

No habiendo depositado los Sres. Accionistas el numero de acciones requerido por los art. 20 y 21 de los Estatutos, para que la Asamblea convocada para el dia 21 del corriente, pueda legalmente constituirse, el directorio, con arreglo al art. 27, ha determinado reconvocar la asamblea general ordinaria de accionistas para el 24 del corriente a las 4 p.m., en el local del Establecimiento advirtiendo que las deliberacionas de la asamblea, seran validas, cualquiera que sea el numero de accionistas presentes
ORDEN DEL DIA
1º Informe del Directorio.
2º Balance general del 1º semestre 1885.
3º Dividendo activo.
4º Eleccion de cuatro consejeros.
Buenos Aires, 18 de Julio de 1885.
EL SECRETARIO.
148 jy 11 24

LATEST NUMBERS
IN THE
Seaside and Franklyn Square Libraries.

Ishmael by Miss Braddon.
The Professor, by Miss Bronte
Lazarus in London, by F W Robinson
Victor Hugo and his Time, illustrated, by A Barbou.
A Week of Passion, by E Jenkins
Gerald by E. C. Price
The Russians at the Gates of Herat, by C. Marvin, with 3 maps etc.
Captain Brand of the 'Centipede', by H A. Wise, M.S. Navy.
Diana of the Crossways, by George Meredith.
Russia under the Tzars, by Stepniak
Lester's Secret, by Mary Cecil Hay.
On the Fok'sle Head, Sea Stories, by W. Clark Russell.
Betwixt my love and me, by author Christine North, etc.
Memoirs of a Man of the World, 50 years of London Life, 2 parts, by E Yates.
The Prima Donna's Husband, by F du Boisgobey, pubd June 29th 1885.
Found out, by H B Mathers
Roy's Wife, by G. J. Whyte Melville.
Thrown on the World (and usual others) by C M Braeme.
A Rainy June, by 'Ouida'
Wyllards Weird, by Miss Braddon.

ALSO

The House on the Marsh, by F Warden.
George Elliots Life and Letters, 3 vols, by J W Cross.
Dark Days, by Hugh Conway
Called Back, do do.
and many others on view of last months' publication.

William Mackern
137——Calle Florida——137
Between Cangallo and Cuyo
121 jy 17 a5

FACTS NOT WORDS

Still further Testimony of the Efficacy of the Glycerine Dip.

MERCEDES, April 3rd 1885.

Messrs. Moore & Tudor

Buenos Aires.

Dear Sirs

I think it my duty to communicate through you to Messrs. Tomlinson & Hayward, manufacturers of the GLYCERINE DIP that I have used the said DIP for many years, and as that you being agents in this country for sale of same I hereby declare that I consider it the BEST DIP for the complete cure of Scab, Footrot, and Maggots; and I should likewise add that some years we have had small pox amongst the lambs, and can guarantee that dipping them with the same mixture as used for scab, the result is splendid. Therefore I have much pleasure in issuing this testimonial in your favor.

I have the pleasure of remaining yours truly

Signed *JOSE H. ARCE*

All Gentlemen's Underware.

SOLE AGENTS
FOR
HENRY HEATH'S HATS
105, 107, 109, OXFORD ST., LONDON
GATH & CHAVES
159—CALLE PIEDAD—161.

PATENTED BY THE NATIONAL GOVERNMENT.

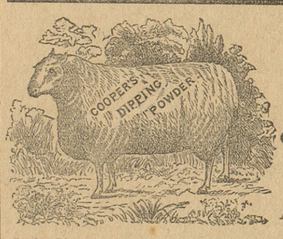
Painless Dentistry.

GUILLERMO A. NEWLAND

63—CALLE FLORIDA—63

Corner Piedad (Altos).

New Painless Galvano Electric process for excavating and reparing Cavities for filling.
Extracting Roots and Teeth absolutely, without pain.
Extracing by new process. 3 National Dollars.
All work at moderate prices and result guaranteed.
236 f23 xp



COOPER'S
Sheep Dipping
POWDER
IS THE
Cheapest, Handiest
AND THE
BEST
As a Cure and Preventive
Of Scab, and as a Dip for Lambs
IT IS UNRIVALLED

It is safe and has been in constant use upwards of 40 years. It is now applied to over 35,000,000 sheep annually and

Cannot Fail in the worst case of Scab,

AS A TRIAL WILL PROVE

DISSOLVING INSTANTLY IN COLD WATER and being in the form of compressed powder, it is in Handling and for Transport to distant parts,

The Most Convenient Dip in the World.

Sold in large and small packets, in handy iron bound cases, each case containing sufficient to Dip from 1800 to 2500 sheep, according to the density of the wool.

Costs less than three reales per head.

General Agent for the Argentine Republic—
J. B. WANKLYN
77—CALLE MAIPU—77

General Agents for Banda Oriental—
MATTHEW, PINSENT & CO.
MONTEVIDEO.
j10 j10 86

LA PLATENSE
French Steam Navigation Company
Time Table
From Monday, 6th July 1885.

FROM BUENOS AIRES

TO MONTEVIDEO—
Steamer RIVADAVIA, on Monday.
Steamer APOLO Wednesday.
Steamer MINERVA Saturday.
At 5 p.m. Inner Roads.

TO SALTO & INTERMEDIATE PORTS.
Steamer MINERVA, Tuesday.
Steamer RIVADAVIA, Thursday.
Steamer APOLO, Sunday.
At 10 a.m., Inner Roads.

TO ROSARIO & INTERMEDIATE PORTS.
Steamer LEDA or DIANA, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer TRIDENTE, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
Steamer WILHELM or SAY. Sunday.
(Cargo only)
Campana Railway, Central Station, at 3½ p.m. Inner Roads.

TO SANTA FE & INTERMEDIATE PORTS
Steamers DIANA or LEDA, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Campana Railway, Central Station 3½ p.m

TO BAHIA BLANCA and PATAGONES.
Steamer POMONA the 1st of each month.
At the Boca at 3 p.m.

P. Christophersen
Agente General
102—Piedad—102
'07 jy6 xp

Keating's Powder.

KEATING'S POWDER.
KEATING'S POWDER.
KEATING'S POWDER.
KEATING'S POWDER.
KILLS BUGS,
FLEAS,
MOTHS,
BEETLES,
THIS POWDER is quite HARMLESS to ANIMAL LIFE, but is unrivalled in destroying FLEAS, BUGS, COCKROACHES, BEETLES, MOTHS IN FURS, and every other species of insect. Sportsmen will find this invaluable for destroying fleas in their dogs, as also ladies for their pet dogs.
THIS ARTICLE has found so GREAT a SALE that it has tempted others to vend a so-called article in imitation. The PUBLIC are CAUTIONED that the tins of the genuine powder bear the autograph of THOMAS KEATING. Sold in tins and bottles only.

KEATING'S WORM TABLETS
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS
KEATING'S WORM TABLETS
A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Tins and Bottles, by all Druggists.
Proprietor THOMAS KEATING London

RES NON VERBA
Mensajerias Fluviales a Vapor
NUEVO ITINERARIO
DESDE JULIO 1884
Salidas de Montevideo para Buenos Aires y Uruguay
Los Lúnes..... vapor Olimpo
Los Miércoles.... id Cosmos
Los Viernes..... id Rio de la Plata
Los Sabados..... id Saturno
PARA MONTEVIDEO á las 5 p.m.
Los Lunes..... Vapor Cosmos
Los Miercoles.... " Saturno
Los Jueves..... " Rio de la Plata
Los Sabados..... " Olimpo
PARA EL SALTO Y ESCALAS
á las 10 a.m.
Los Martes..... Vapor Olimpo
Los Jueves..... " Cosmos
Los Sabados..... " Rio de la Plata
Los Domingos.... " Saturno
Vapores Villa del Salto, Mercurio, Silex y Onix haran viajes intermedios.
Tarifas Convencionales
CARRERA DEL PARANA
Hasta Santa Fe
Haciendo 3 viages directos semanales con los Vapores
Jupiter y Meteoro
Salidas: MARTES, JUEVES y SABADO.
Para San Pedro, Las Hermanas, San Nicolas, Rosario, Diamante, Parana y Santa Fe.
En combinacion con los Ferro Carriles Norte y Campana.
Los boletos de tren y equipajes para los dos Ferro Carriles, la agencia los da gratis a los señores pasageros.
La carga se recibe la vispera de la salida en las Estaciones Retiro y Campana.
La Agencia se encarga del embarque y desembarque de carga, asi como despachos de Aduana.
Comunicacion con el Telefono Gower-Boll.
PEDRO RISSO, Agente.
Reconquista y Cuyo.

English School
MONTEVIDEO
H. Irwine Whitty M.A.,
Trin: Coll. Dublin.
Senior Moderator and Gold Medallist in Experimental Science
Late Senior Assistant Master
AT
King Edward VI. School,
Norwich.
The school being now completely settled in its new premises, there will be after the holidays room for the reception of a larger number of boarders. The dormitories are fitted up with cubicles in the style of the best English Schools, securing the maximum of comfort and privacy. There is a large garden and an excellent enclosed play ground, and arrangements are being made for a cricket field immediately adjoining the latter.
For further particulars, prospectus, etc. apply to Mr H. Whitty, English Club, or at the School, Quinta de los Tres Molinos, Union Road.
e.o.d. 25 '7?7

Adolfo Pless-Candler
Hides, Skins, Wool and Produce
BROKER
Rosario de Santa Fe
122—Calle Aduana—124
Correspondence Sollicited

ON 'CHANGE.

July 18th, 1885

Gold 137
Cedulas A 100½
Cedulas E 79½
Cedulas F^a 79

The gold market opened in a very fainting condition this morning and the first sales marked on the board were 2 o/o under last night's closing rates. All the bullish effervescence of the last two days had completely fizzled and the prospects of this morning's speculation looked very weak. Several large dealers sold heavily for the end of August, and this weakened the market. To judge by the aspect of the speculation a great bearish attack will be made this month for the end of August, and some of the prominent bulls are selling freely already for that date.

Although the gold market opened with very weak symptoms which were followed by a rapid fall in the premium, there was a rally in the bullish speculation before the close of official hours and the premium closed firm, in advance of the opening rates. The apparent cause of the weakness at an early hour was the more peaceable tenor of the Havas telegram from Europe, but telegraphic advices from London received this morning shewed that the alarm continued, and the news was seized as a means of giving a firmer tone to the speculation.

The speculative cry on 'Change at present is that gold is scarce. The stock of gold in the market has, no doubt, been considerably reduced by the late heavy shipments, but the gap cannot be great as the Provincial Bank has been importing gold at the rate of 100,000 sovereigns per month. There must be, however, a considerable hiatus, as nearly all the ordinary coins have disappeared and the market is obliged to fall back on argentinos and sovereigns which are paid out by the State Banks. There are at present few takers of gold exchange, and the Banks offer to take in paper. The private banks are holding on to their metallic reserves and no longer discount in gold with the usual liberality.

Over 200,000 dollars changed hands for cash; the market opened at 37, fell to 36, but closed firm at the opening rate. Operations for the end of the month embraced $715,000; rates opened at 37, fell to 36, and closed firm at 37½. Over half-a-million was sold for the end of August, rates opening at 36½, falling to 35.80, and closing at 37. Operations during official hours exceeded 1½ million dollars. Fifty thousand dollars were sold, to deliver up to the end of December, at 35.

Everybody is asking why the balance-sheets of the State banks for last month have not yet appeared. The balance-sheet of the Provincial Bank is rather late this month, but will appear next week. In the market there are many conjectures in this regard.

The exchange market continues firm at 46⅜d, and there are few takers. The money market shows no change. Paper money is superabundant, but gold is no longer so easy.

Cedulas shewed signs of activity this morning. A few thousand A changed hands at 100½ and E at 79½. Operations in Series F embraced 60,000 cash at 78⅜ and 79, and 85,000 for the end of the month at 78⅜-⅝. Nothing was done in National Bank Stock.

Great activity is anticipated in the gold speculation next week. The bulls state that the bears must buyu p very large amounts up to the end of the month to meet the gold bills falling due at the banks. The bears, on the other hand, are prepared to sell heavily for the end of August and September, and will endeavour thereby to weaken rates for the 30th. Next fortnight promises another rich harvest to the holders of gold, by lending their specie from one month to another.

Our brother editor's message from London is at variance with the Havas telegram. According to our message, alarming rumours are still current in London with regard to the Russian advance, and the news would not have been cabled unless much importance were given to such reports in London. The rise in the gold premium appears to hang on the tenor of the news from Europe, and operators to-day endeavoured to make much out of these advices.

The following is a summary] of operations effected this morning at the ring during official hours:—

Gold—
For cash 222,814 at 137-136.80-50-136 to 136.50-80-137-136.70-80-137
For Dec. 31st (c) 50,000 at 135
For July 31st 715,000 at 137-136.50-136 to 136.50-20-50-137-136.50-137-136.80 to 137-137.20-50-30-50
For Aug. 31st 570,000 at 136.50-136-135.80 to 136-135.50-80-136-136.20-50-137
Sales, 1,557,814
Cedulas—
For cash A 1,000 at 100½
For cash E 13,200 at 79⅜
For July 31st E 4,000 at 79⅜
For cash F 60,000 at 79-78⅞-79
For July 20th F 1,500 at 78⅜
For July 31st F 85,000 at 78⅝-⅜-⅜-¼-⅜
Sales, 164,700

Lower down we publish a telegram announcing the close of the London sales of Colonial wools. The following particulars of the auction, which we extract from the latest London papers, will be read with interest:—

"Messrs Helmuth Schwartze & Co. report that the following gives the total available for sale in this series, and the quantities catalogued and withdrawn up to the 16th inst.

	Available. Bales	Catalogued. Bales.	Withdrawn. Bales.
Sydney	76,000	27,466	5,691
Queensland	15,000	5,395	648
Port Phillip	94,000	37,108	5,420
Adelaide	24,000	7,573	1,869
Tasmania	14,000	5,891	848
Swan River	8,000	1,923	153
New Zealand	102,000	34,708	2,713
Cape	23,000	7,810	1,589
	356,000	127,874	18,826

Since the sales opened on the 4th inst. the tone of the market has grown weaker, and Australian wools have been gradually losing ground. Notably has this been the case with crossbred, which on the opening night showed ½d. rise, but which have since fallen 1d., standing now about on a par with the earlier and cheaper rates of last series. Among merino wools, fine Port Phillip and Tasmanian grease sell best; the decline here is only ½d., and where American competition comes into play, there is sometimes no decline at all. The bulk of Port Phillip and Sydney grease rule ½d., burry lots sometimes ¼d. to a 1d. lower, and a similar fall is noticeable in New Zealand grease, which it may be added are this year in a less satisfactory condition than in 1884. Scoured wools of the better classes may be quoted ½d. to 1d. below April, but in the inferior and faulty descriptions, as also in the medium classes of Port Phillip and Sydney fleece, the fall amounts to a full 1d. Cape wools stood already very low last series, and for that reason, and because of their present moderate supply, have suffered little. Faulty snow whites and long Natal grease are here and there a little weaker, but the bulk of Capes shows scarcely any difference. The sales are rather thinly attended, and the competition, though brisk enough at times when good current grease wool is sold, is often languid where faulty inferior lots, low scoureds, etc, are concerned. The home trade operates on a good scale, and Germany too takes a fair share, but so far a comparatively small proportion has been bought for France. By the present decline in Australian wools, prices have been brought down to a very low level—as low nearly as in the May sales of 1869."

One of our leading merchants received a telegram this morning, dated 9.30 a.m., announcing that no credit was given to the rumor of the Russian advance. The rumor must have produced some alarm in London since telegrams are sent out here announcing the fact and contradicting the report of the advance. Strange to say, only two telegrams were received to-day with reference to the Russian advance.

The Italian king must have sold about 700,000 $ gold to-day, chiefly for the end of August. Such tremendous sales attracted the attention of the whole market, and shew that there is a great bearish speculation for August.

The produce markets are at a stand-still. Our exports are limited to very small quantities, to articles of little value, and will not increase much before the end of October. The wool-clip is at an end. Sheepskins are scarce and low in price. The slaughter is at a close, and even the killing of mares is finished. There is no more linseed, little wheat, and maize throws very little weight into the scale, owing to its insignificant value. Imports are also slackening, and so much the better.

The exchange market is on the eve of a rise, in view of the great scarcity of takers and all the brokers state that the snag up of the moment must be followed by an upward movement in rates. If the exchange market does not rise, the premium on gold will.

Messrs Tallaferro & Sanchez will sell on Tuesday, 21st inst., twenty fine rams. These animals are bred in the Rivadavia Cabaña, in Marcos Paz, and are Rambouillets of 14 and 15 months, but such is their size that they look two or three-year old animals. They descend from special rams from the renowned flock of Kaiser Haubitz.

The property in Calle Libertad No. 678, measuring 10 yards front by 39-37 yards deep, has been sold for 12,500 m/n. Mr Finochetto seller; Mr Videla buyer.

The speculation in gold raged very fiercely during afterhours, and some parties sold immense amounts for the end of August. About 200,000 dollars were sold for Monday at 37 to 37½, closing rate, buyers. Operations for the end of the month were calculated at 300,000 at 36.80 to 37½; the market closed with buyers at 37.30. About a million was sold for the end of August at 35 to 36½, the market closing with buyers at 36. At 5 p.m. the market closed with a firm feeling all round.

Our colleague *LaRevista Financiera* put in an appearance to-day. It gives the following interesting figures of the transactions in gold effected during official hours since last Saturday:—

Cash $1,386,446
On time 7,428,000
8,814,446

If we double the above total we have a figure that gives an idea of the speculation in the hall during the week.

The following gentlemen have applied to the Camara Sindical for admission into the Bolsa as members and as exchange brokers:—Messrs. Luis Canessa, Enrique Vedoya, H E Varela, and Federico Machain, as exchange brokers.

Messrs Delfor del Valle, Justiniano R Lynch, Emilio Gonzalez, Pedro Serrano, Carlos Dodero, Manuel G Bassvilbaso, Angel Torre, Vicente Collins, C Franchini, Francisco Torren y Enrique Fynn, as members.

The sale of 120 squares of land on the Matanzas river at the high price of $3,500 ⅌ per square is reported, Sr Lacrosse buyer; Mr McKiernan seller. The land was for 18 years in lawsuit and Dr Bunge has the credit of having won the case for Mr McKiernan, who still holds the remaining half of this splendid property.

Mr. Robinson, who has arrived up from Montevideo, was welcomed on 'Change; he reports the weather very cold down there.

The offer of a large amount of gold in coin or in bar to the National Government by a leading London Banker was only known to a chosen few on 'Change. Affairs in Europe present such an unsettled aspect that we hope the Minister will at once accept the offer and bring out the gold.

It was rumoured on 'Change that one of the terms of the Pellegrini loan contract is the part payment of the Custom House duties in gold, which gold to be secured to the Syndicate. We are unaware what foundation there is for the report.

At the Plaza Once the following business reported:—

141 waggons with produce arrived.
The arrivals were:—
1,898 doz. sheepskins
2,690 doz. corderitos
80 doz. deerskins
520 cow hides
67 potro hides
6 bordalesas tallow
120 @ hair
260 bags flour
2,487 bags wheat
1,592 bags maize
220 bags bran
996 bales hay
20,500 bricks
and other produce.

In other produce the market continues unaltered.

The sales were—
Wool—
No sales.
Cow Hides—
405 camp at 200, 197, 190
Sheepskins—
Per doz. at 23-21, 14, 12 rls. ℔
Per doz. washed at 28 rls,
Total, 810 doz.
Corderitos, 2,300 doz. at $19-16
Horse Hides—70 at 61, 60
Hair—165 @ at 160, 157
Deerskins—30 doz. at 60
Tallow—40 @ camp at 38
Wheat—Per fan., candeal, 115, 105, 60
Total, 360 fanegas.
Maize—Per fan. morocho in grain at 51 and 50
Total, 800 fanegas.
Hay—160 bales at 17, 15 m/n per ton.

At the South Market the following business done:—

67 waggons with produce arrived.
The arrivals were:—
1,700 doz. sheepskins
900 doz. corderitos
1,200 cow hides
50 doz. deerskins
500 @ hair
170 fanegas wheat
100 bags maize
and many other produce.

At Barracas al Sud arrived—
766 capones
52 bordalesas tallow
and much hides and skins, &c.

Cow hides, hair, potro hides and other produce without variation in their prices. Sheepskins and wool flat. Maize, wheat, tallow and corderitos sustained, hay and other produce continue without variation.

The sales were:—
Cow Hides—
925 camp at 212, 210, 205, 200
300 matadero at 205, 200
44 becerros at 160
Sheepskins—
Per doz. sup. at 24-23, 18-14½ rls.
Matadero, 24½
Epidemio, 6
Total, 620 doz.
Corderitos, 410 doz., $20, 19⅝
Horse Hides—167 at 67, 66
Hair—63 @ at 173, 170
Nutria—22 lb at 6½
Deerskins—20 doz. at 60
Maize—400 fanegas morocho in grain at 51

The following commercial telegram has been received:—

"London, July 17th

"The colonial wool auction which opened on the 4th closed yesterday.

"From 356,000 bales offered nearly 300,000 bales sold.

"Closing prices shew a fall of 2½ o/o, compared with opening rates.

"The attendance has been good in general and animated.

"Market calm."

The return of the Custom House for the last 18 days show a remarkable shrinkage. The returns do not amount to a million dollars, whilst this time last month the receipts were considerably above that figure. The influx and despatch of imports are evidently falling off. Merchants report a much duller market in imports and there is some stagnation in the market.

The Fomento de Barracas Road Co. have declared a dividend of 10 m/n per share for the half-year ending June 30th.

The fifth Limay land auction will come off on Monday at 12 o'clock in the offices Calle Salta No. 8. This will be the last land auction of the Government for some time to come. The law authorizes the Government to sell at the rate of 1,000 leagues of fiscal lands per annum.

The Montevidean Bolsa ruled very active yesterday. The news from Europe put fresh life into the speculation and Unifieds went down. London telegrams quoted the favorite stock at 50 o/o. The exchange market in the Mount rules weak. The following rates were quoted:—

On London, 50½-⅝
On Paris, 5.29
On B. Ayres, ½ o/o in gold.

The Lamport & Holt steamer Handel sailed on the 15th for Antwerp and Liverpool with 14,848 bags of maize, 24 bales, 1,000 dry and 3,500 salted horse hides.

The Teniers sailed yesterday for Havre with 20,339 bags of maize from up the river.

Mr. Printzenskold, of Rosario, despatched the Russian barque Mariohan on the 15th for Rio Janeiro with 1,992 bales of hay.

2,000 cows 'al corte' in Olavarria have been sold at 155 ⅌, and various lots of 'capones' for 'graseria' at 48-55 ⅌.

The Montevidean saladeros slaughtered 256,413 head of cattle up to the 17th inst., as follows:—

Saladeros.	Head.
J Paulet, Son	22,140
Conforte, Parma & Mouret	16,387
Piñeyrua	13,419
Martori & Vellozo.	34,065
Destandau	52,600
Arrivillaga & Sons	45,209
Apesteguy	16,511
Auturquin & Co.	14,635
E Legrand	18,242
P Denis & Co.	22,223
Anaya	10,582
Trinidad	10,400
Total,	256,413 head.
Same period in 1884	339,398 head.

Messrs. John Norton & Sons, ship and freight brokers, of New York, give the following shipments for the River Plate, during the month of May, 1885:—

In John Norton & Sons' old regular line—
At New York—
Amer. barque Boylston, 540 tons Reg., general cargo, for B. Ayres.
Do Formosa, 508 do, do, do
Do Mary E Russell, 528 do, do, do
Norw. barque Roskva, 243 do, do, Montevideo.
Swed. barque Framnas, 324 do, do, do
Amer. brig Ada L. Whise, 477 do, do, Rosario.
Loading—
At New York—
Amer. barque Lapland, about 460 M. feet lumber, for B. Ayres.
Brit. barque Canning, 650 tons Reg., general cargo and lumber, B. Ayres.
Ital. barque Pasqualino, about 15,000 cases kerosene, Montevideo.
At Montreal—
Brit. barque Sokoto, about 600 M feet lumber, for B. Ayres.
Do Jane Law, 950 do, do
Brit. ship Gloaming, 1,125 do, do
Brit. barque Maggie Durt, 420 do, Rosario.
Do Eulie, 260 do, B. Ayres.
At Portland—
Amer. barque Reynard, about 750 M feet lumber, for B. Ayres.
Do William Wilcox, 600 do, do
Do Celina, 420 do do
Brit. barque Herbert C Hall, 430 do, do
Do Nereid, 450 do, do
Amer. brig Henry Warner, 275 do, do
Do F I Henderson, 330 do, B. Ayres f.o.
Brit. brig Nellie Crosby, 350 do, do
Brit. barque Ashantee, 525 do, do
Amer. barque Samuel B Hale, 400 do, for Rosario.
Do Clara Eaton, 430 do, do
Brit. brig Aldine, 260 do, do
At Union Island—
Germ. barque Alpina, about 400 M feet lumber, for B. Ayres.
At Brunswick—
Germ. barque Farewell, about 375 M feet lumber, for B. Ayres.
Brit. barque Donal Ena, 180 do, B. A. f.o.
Germ. brig Brilliante, 190 do, for Boca de Santa Fe.
At Apalachicola—
Amer. barque Ethel, about 425 M feet lumber, for Rosario.
At Pensacola—
Brit. barque Bremen, about 600 M feet lumber, for Montevideo f.o.

MONTEVIDEAN TELEGRAMS.
Montevideo, July 18th
No telegrams to-day being feastday.
Mauricio Reunion from Valencia

Buffon arrived from Liverpool and goes up to-morrow with 16 passengers and 1,600 tons for B. Ayres and 600 tons for Rosario. Mails by Saturno.

DEPARTURES DEL July 17.
Intermediate Ports, Paraguay, Uruguay, Argentine.
L Lynch y Ca. S Martin 51
L y Moores, Salto 111
Id Monsalto 28
Id Vecino 25
J Davison, Magdalino 76
S y Mandia, Ranchos 66
D Esquivel, Navarro 55
A Ceballos, Pila 80
Podesta Hnos, Chascomus 220
J C Boer, Chascomus 70
R Diaz, S A Areco 80
Duggan Hermanos, Chascomus 76
Id Cañuelas 70
M Paz y Ca, Salladillo 67
Id Arrecifes 50
1004

Passengers.
Novillos muy gordos y grandes, carne y sebo, 500
1er aparte vacas y novillos, carne y sebo 240 450
Id 2º 180 220
Flaco chancheria, 140 160
Cueros de novillo, 180 210
Id de vacas, 120 140
Terneros grandes, 160 180
Terneros chicos, 80
Id mamones, 60
Novillos de saladero 300
Novillos para invernada 225
Desechos, 80 120
Id vacas, 280
Vacas y novillos en pie, 500
Capones, 45 55
Cueros de bueyes, 225
Yeguas gordas, 175
Se carnearon para el abasto 671 animales y 72 terneros.

MARITIME.
ARRIVALS. July 18th
Rio de la Plata from Montevideo
Minerva, Uruguay
Olympo, Uruguay
Provedor, Rosario
Meath, Antwerp
Dom Pedro, Havre
DEPARTURES. July 19th
Rivadavia for Montevideo
Leda for Rosario
Cosmos for Montevideo
Steamers expected in July—
19th *Buffon from Liverpool
Tycho Brahe, London
23rd Parana from Havre
24th Trent from Southampton
25th Maskelyne from Liverpool
26th Napoli from Genoa
*Nasmyth, Liverpool
28th Köln from Bremen
30th *Rosario from Hamburg
31st Equateur from Bordeaux
Steamers expected in Montevideo—
20th Sakkarah from Pacific
22nd Ramses from Hamburg
Steamers to sail in July—
22nd Sirio for Genoa
Galileo, Antwerp
25th Dom Pedro for Havre
Destearo, Hamburg
Leipzig, Antwerp
26th Henry IV for Havre
28th Tycho Brahe for New York
Niger, for Bordeaux
30th Ville de Rosario for Havre
Steamers to sail from Montevideo—
20th Sakkarah for Hamburg
22nd Ramses for Pacific
*Goes up to Rosario.

BIRTH.

On July 8th, at Estancia San Antonio, Carmelo, B.O., Mrs. George Bruce, of a daughter.

DEATH.

On the 8th June, at Kilbrittain, County Cork, Margaret, wife of Charles Dinneen, and mother of Michael Dinneen, Editor of *Southern Cross*. She died in the fulness of years, surrounded by her children and grandchildren, and she was deservedly venerated by all her family and friends.

The Cork *Eagle* of June 13th has the following notice of her funeral:—

"One of the largest funerals that passed through Bandon for some time, accompanied the remains of Mrs. Charles Dineen from her husband's residence, Maulmane, to the Roman Catholic burying ground, Ballmodan, the cortége reaching considerably over a mile in length. The following clergymen were present Rev. Canon McSweeney, P.P.V.F., Bandon; Rev. William Murphy, P.P., Kilbrittain; Rev. J. O'Mahony, Cathedral, Cork; Rev. Mr. Barrett, St. Finbar's, Cork; Rev. J. Daly C.C., Kilbrittain; Rev. Mr. Desay, Chaplain Presentation Convent, Bandon, and Rev. D. McCarthy, C.C. Bandon."

SCHENK'S
Mandrake Pills

Are the best possible cure for liver troubles.
Try them
They are a gentle purgative, causing neither pain nor irritation.
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as a remedy for billious diseases, they have no rival in the world of medicine.
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A few doses will drive impurities out of the system and may prevent serious illness; therefore it is the part of prudence to try them.
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Dr. Schenk's
Pulmonic Syrup.

This is one of the most famous preparations for diseases of the Throat and Lungs, known in the United States; and from the many certificates of cures we are forced to conclude it is one of the Very Best remedies for the above diseases. This persuasion is confirmed by a well-known gentleman in this city, who has had a bad cough for three months and was cured by this Syrup in 24 hours.
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195 Florida
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75 jl1 xp

Church Directory.

Roman Catholic—Holy Cross Chapel, (the Passionists), Masses on Sunday at 7, 8 and 9 a.m., and Sermon in English with Benediction at 2.30 p.m.
Anglican Church—St. John's Holy Communion, every Sunday, alternately at 8 and 11 a.m. Morning Prayer at 11 a.m. Evening at 7.30 p.m.
Barracas Institute—Evening Prayer and Sermon, at 7.30 p.m.
Holy Trinity Church—Lomas, Evening Prayer and Sermon at 4 p.m.
Flores Episcopal Chappel.—Holy Communion, alternately at 8 and 11 a.m., every Sunday. Morning Prayer at 11 a.m., Evening at 7.30.
St. Andrew's Scotch Presbyterian Church—Morning Service, followed by Sunday School, at 11 a.m. Evening at 7.30 p.m.
First Methodist Episcopal Church—Morning Service, followed by Sunday School, at 11 a.m. Evening at 7 p.m. Prayer Meeting, every Wednesday, at 8 p.m.

Imperishable Fragrance.

Murray & Lanman's
CELEBRATED
Florida Water.
The richest, most lasting, yet most delicate of all perfumes for use on the Handkerchief, at the Toilet and in the Bath, delightful and tonic, refreshful in the sick room, relieves weakness, nervousness and headache. Look out for counterfeits, always ask for the Florida Water prepared by the sole proprietors, Messrs. Lanman & Kemp, New York.
For Sale by Perfumers, Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

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Tobacco Extract
SOUTH DOWN SHEEPWASH
Virginia and Kentucky
NICOTINA
For curing Scab in Sheep
The only and cheapest remedy approved and adopted by all sheepfarmers in the River Plate.
Can be used with hot or cold water.
One gallon to be mixed with 200 gallons Water.
Guaranteed free from Poison
Sole Agents appointed by the Italian Government's Company
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TRENT
Commander L. R. DICKINSON
2,912 Tons, 550 Horse-power
To sail on the
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Taking cargo and passengers for Santos, Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Maceio, Pernambuco, St. Vincent, Lisbon,
VIGO,
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The Company's splendid steamer
LA PLATA
Commander A. H. DYKE
3,260 Tons, 600 Horse-power
Will sail on
August 17th
Taking cargo and passengers for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, VIGO, Southampton and Antwerp.